

Convergent Total Synthesis of (−)-Cyclopamine

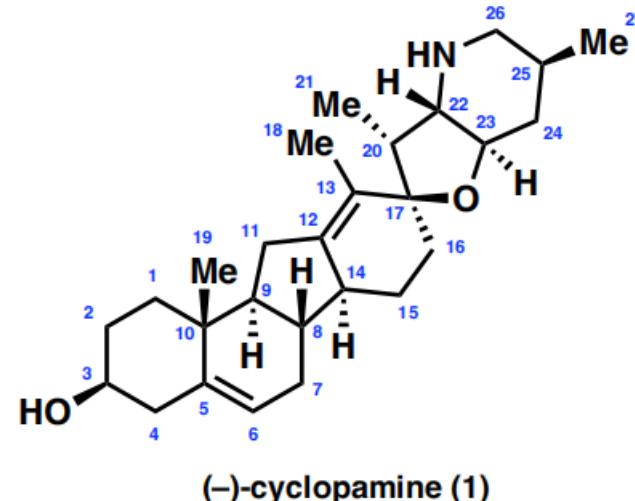
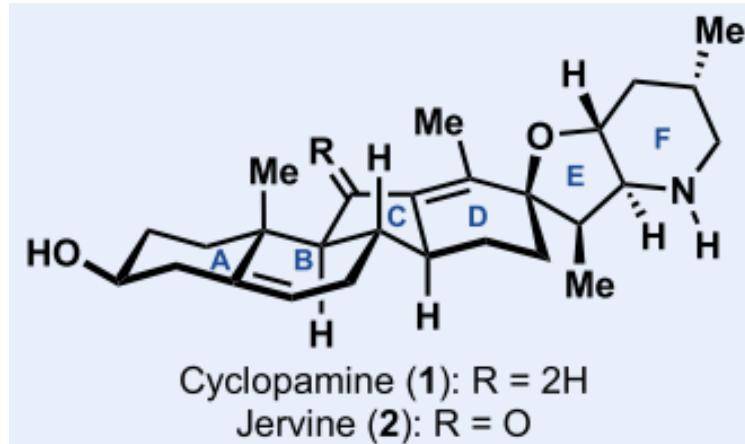
Manolis Sofiadis,^{||} Dongmin Xu,^{||} Anthony J. Rodriguez,^{||} Benedikt Nissl, Sebastian Clementson, Nadia Nasser Petersen, and Phil S. Baran*



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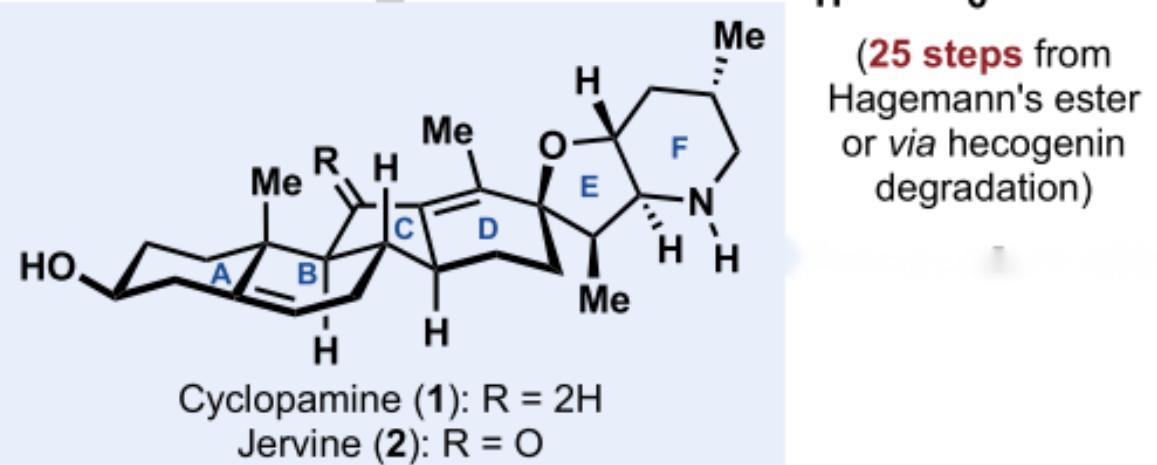
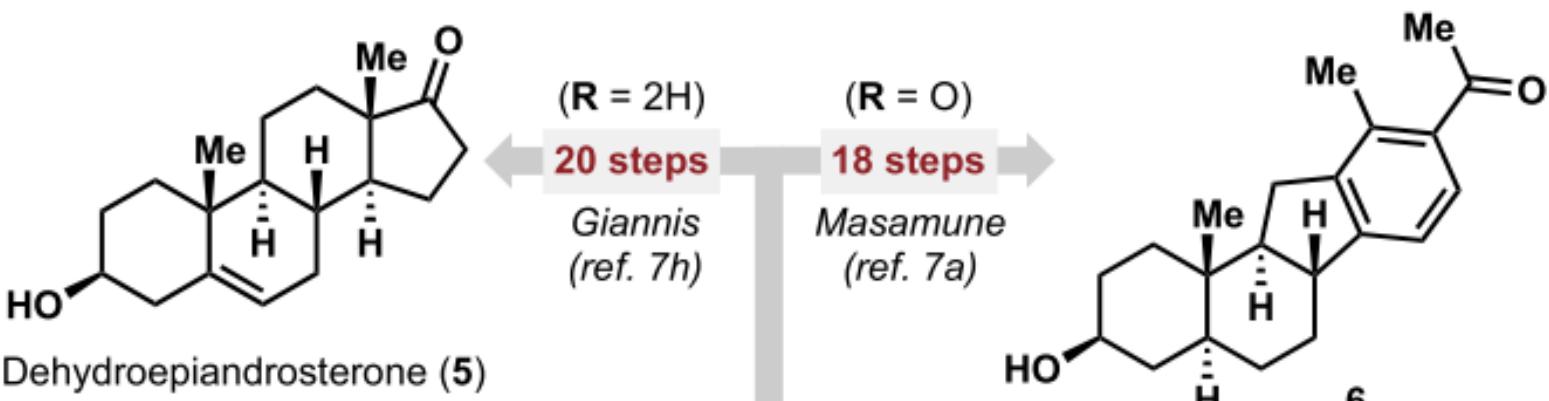
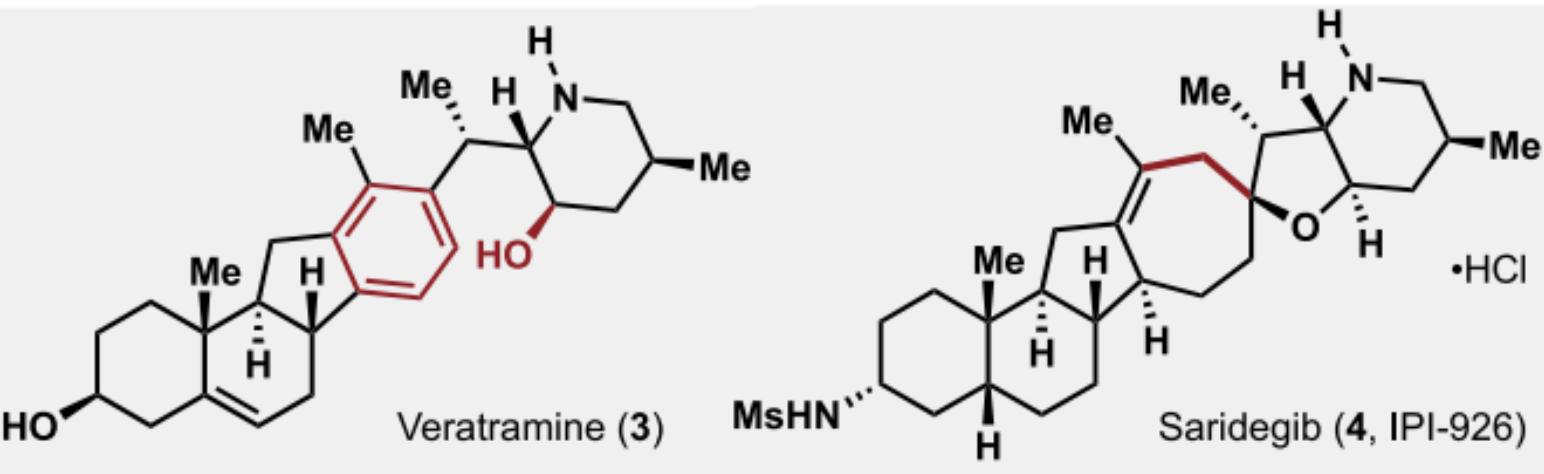


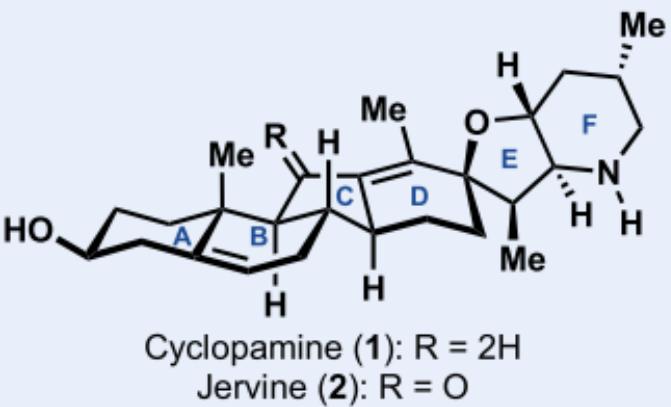
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(−)-cyclopamine (1)

A. Previous Syntheses of Cyclopamine and Related Veratrum Alkaloids

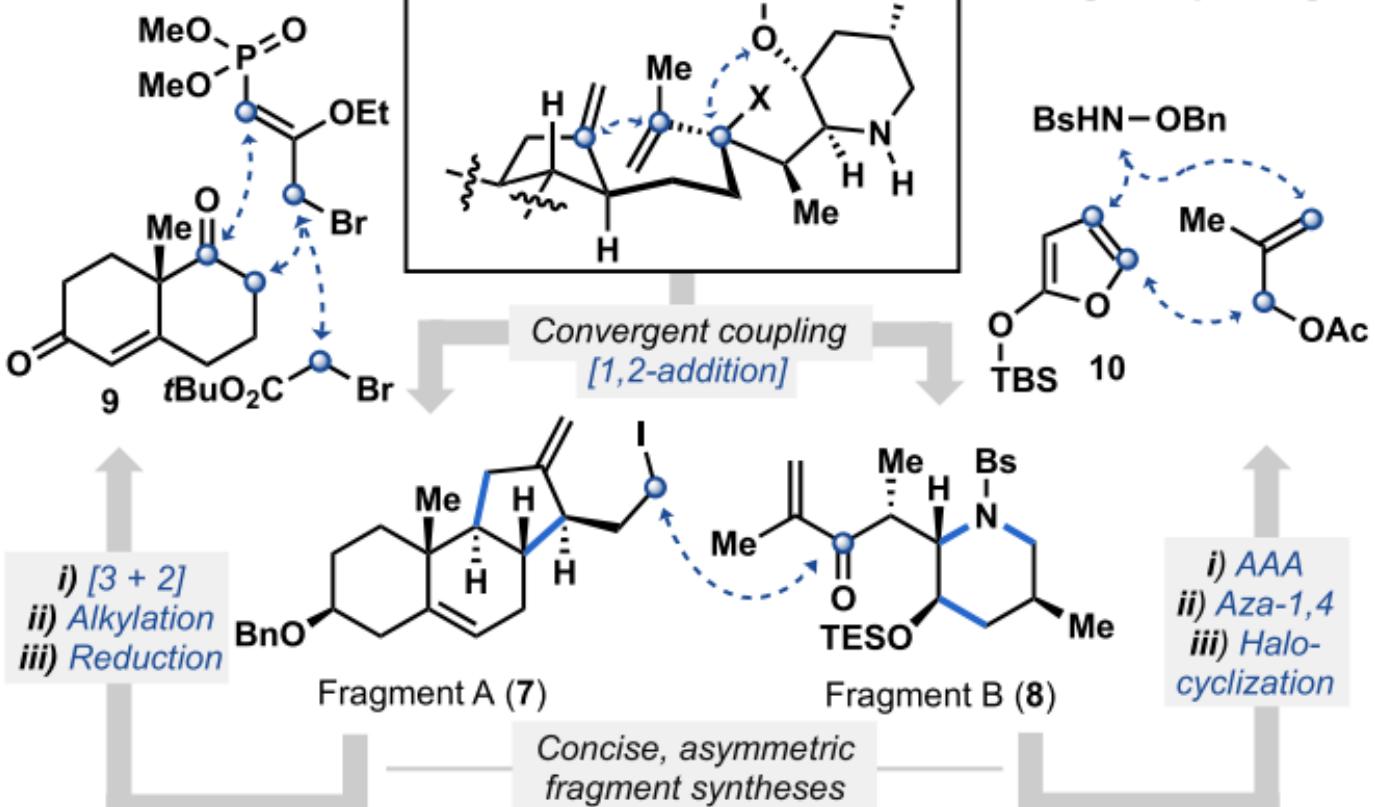


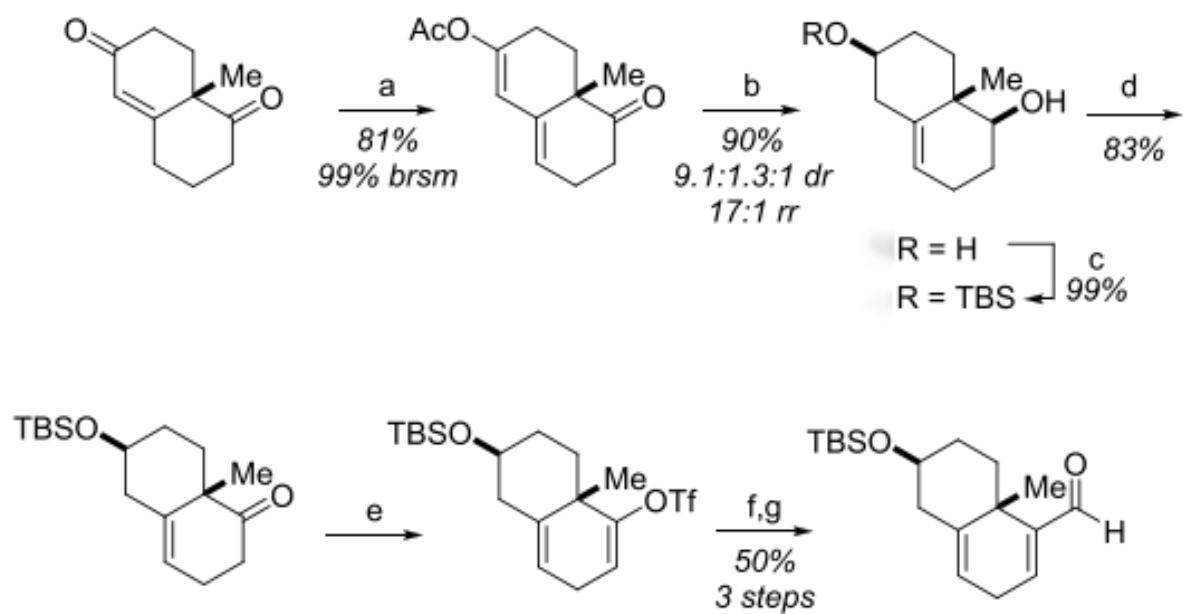
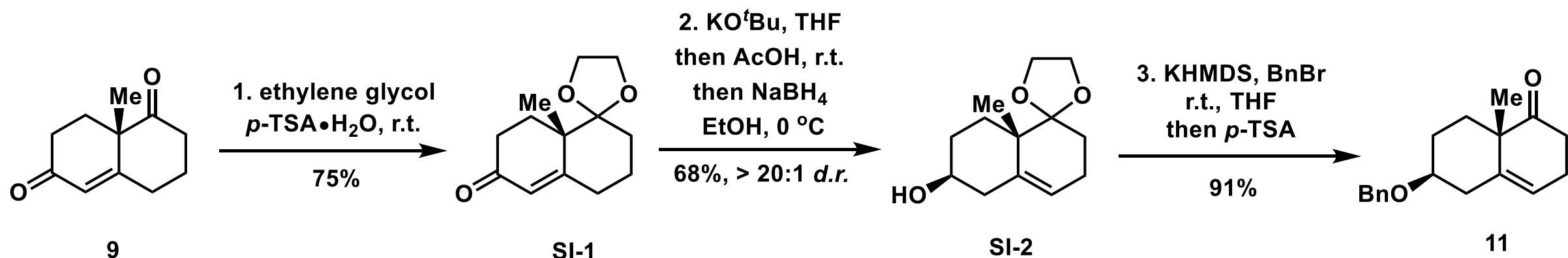


● key disconnections

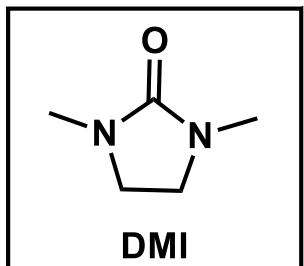
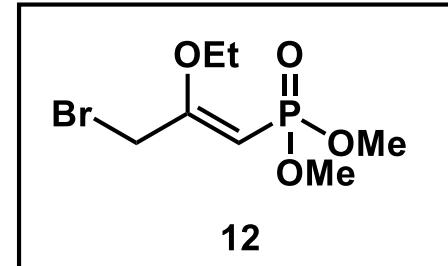
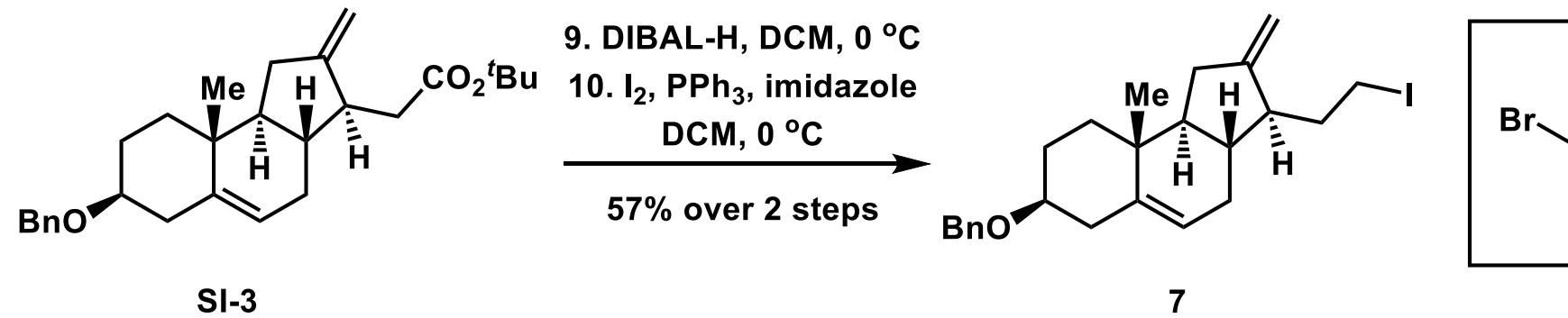
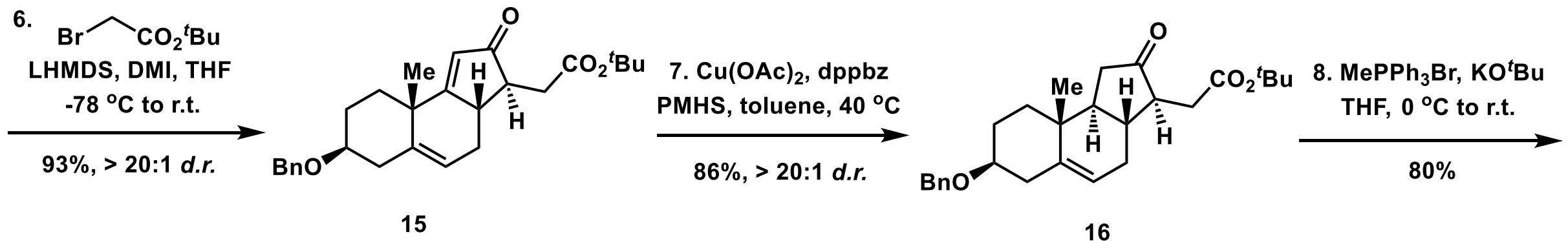
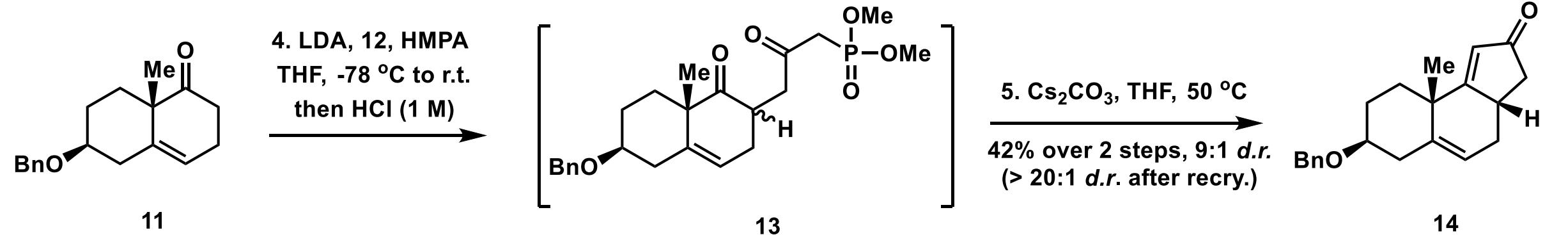
i) Tsuji-Trost
ii) Metathesis (R = 2H)

[Convergent]
[Enantioselective]
[Diastereocontrolled]
[16 steps LLS]





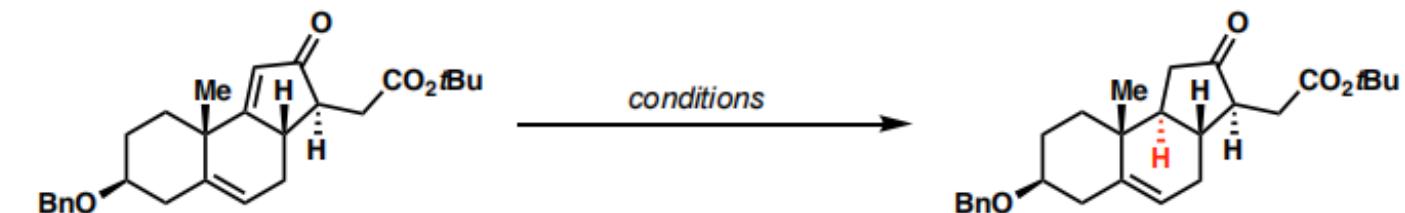
^aReagents and conditions: (a) Ac_2O (6 equiv), $\text{TsOH}\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (3 mol %), PhMe , reflux; (b) NaBH_4 (6 equiv), EtOH , 0 °C to rt; (c) TBSCl (1.5 equiv), imidazole (2 equiv), CH_2Cl_2 , rt; (d) oxalyl chloride (2.5 equiv), DMSO (5 equiv), NEt_3 (8 equiv), CH_2Cl_2 , -78 °C to rt; (e) KHMDS (2 equiv), PhNTf_2 (2.5 equiv), THF , -78 °C to rt; (f) $\text{Bu}_3\text{SnCH}_2\text{OH}$ (2.2 equiv), $\text{Pd}(\text{PPh}_3)_4$ (5 mol %), LiCl (3 equiv), THF , reflux; (g) Dess–Martin periodinane (1.2 equiv), sodium bicarbonate (3 equiv), CH_2Cl_2 , 0 °C.



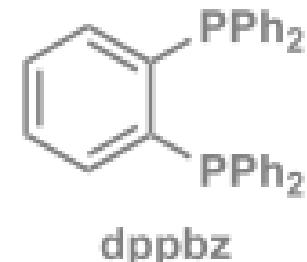
Optimization of 1,4-reduction (step 7)



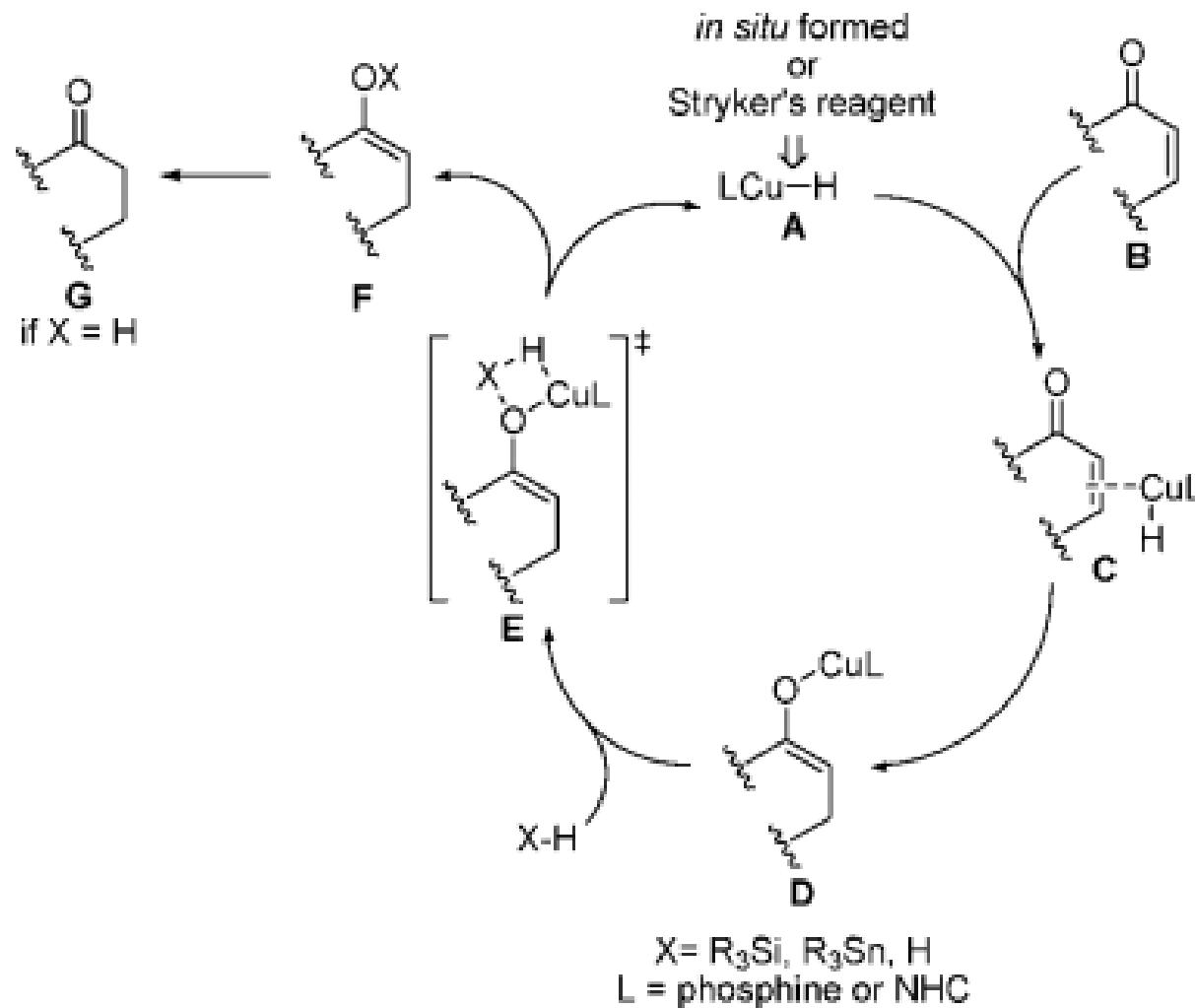
conditions	results
L-selectride, THF, -78 °C to rt, 4 h	only 1,2-reduction
[Cu(PPh ₃)H] ₆ (1 eq.), PhH, 80 °C, 12 h	no reaction
[Cu(PPh ₃)H] ₆ (1 eq.), MePh, 130 °C, 12 h	no reaction
Mn(dpm) ₃ (20 mol %), PhSiH ₃ (1.5 eq.), THF, rt, 12 h	no reaction
Mn(dpm) ₃ (20 mol %), PhSiH ₃ (1.5 eq.), THF, 60 °C, 12 h	complex mixture
Mn(dpm) ₃ (20 mol %), PhSiH ₃ (1.5 eq.), TBHP (2 eq.), THF, rt, 2 h	non-selective reduction of all olefins
Sml ₂ (2 eq.), ⁱ PrOH (10 eq.), THF, rt, 12 h	no reaction
Cu(OAc) ₂ •H ₂ O (1 eq.), dppBz (0.5 eq.), PMHS (3 eq.), MePh, rt, 12 h	53% yield, 34% SM recovered



conditions	results
Cu(OAc) ₂ •H ₂ O (1 eq.), dppBz (0.5 eq.), PMHS (3 eq.), MePh, rt, 2 d	47% yield, 40% SM recovered
Cu(OAc) ₂ •H ₂ O (1 eq.), dppBz (0.5 eq.), PMHS (3 eq.), MePh, 40 °C, 16 h	81% yield
Cu(OAc) ₂ •H ₂ O (0.2 eq.), dppBz (0.1 eq.), PMHS (4 eq.), MePh, 40 °C, 16 h	86% yield

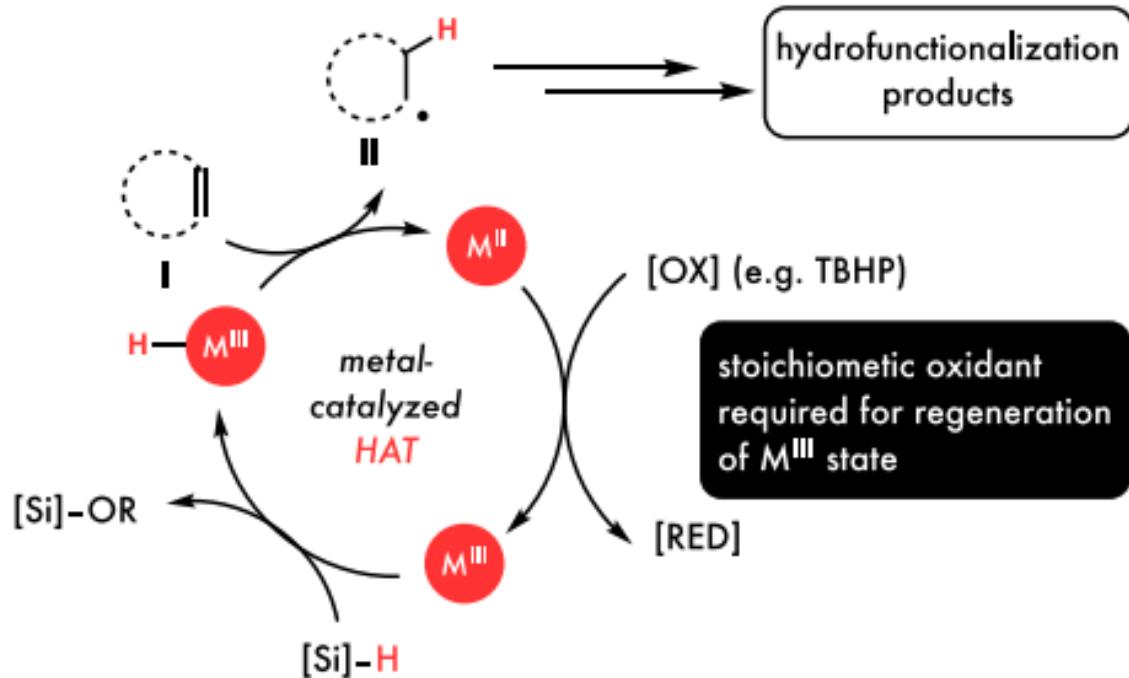


Strecker试剂：

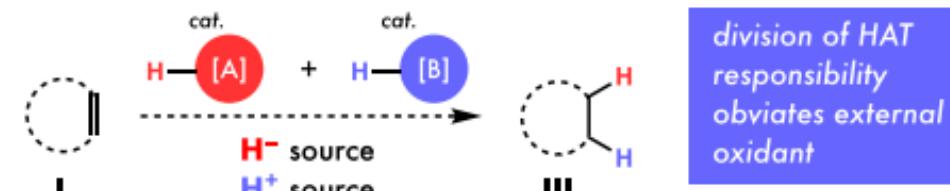


HAT烯烃氢化反应

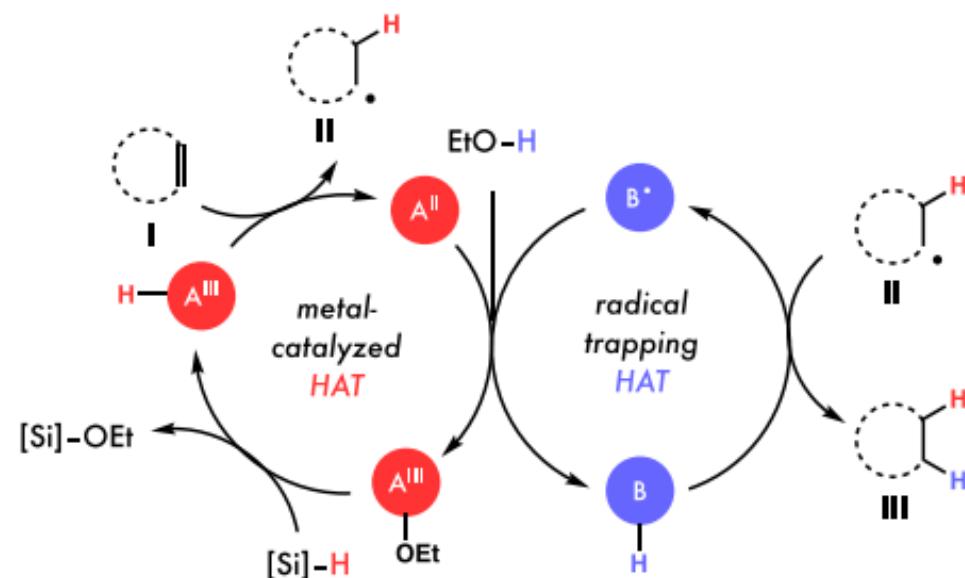
a. Mukaiyama-type mHAT catalytic cycle



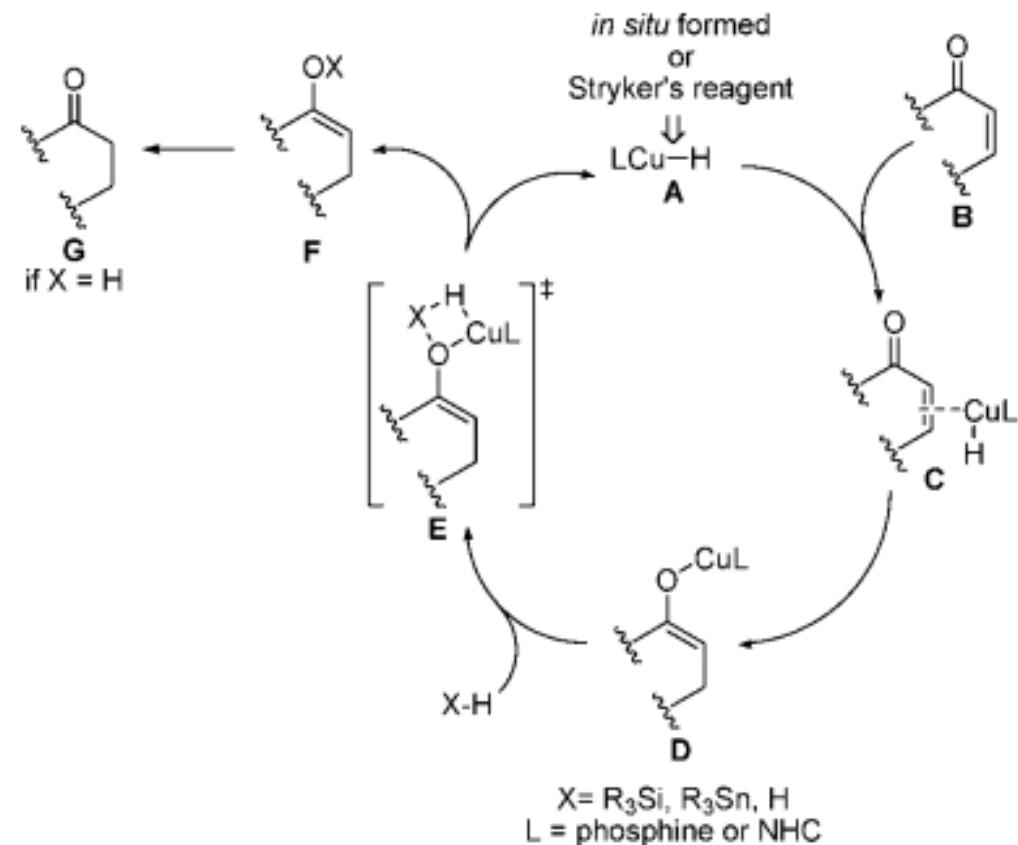
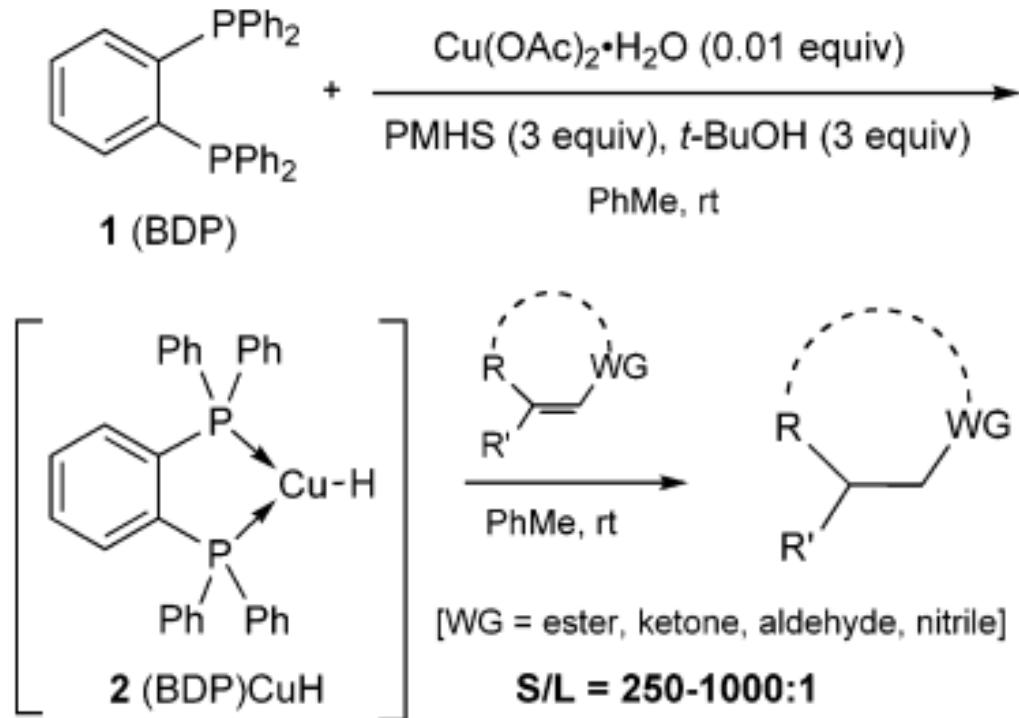
a. our proposal: radical hydrogenation via cooperative catalysis

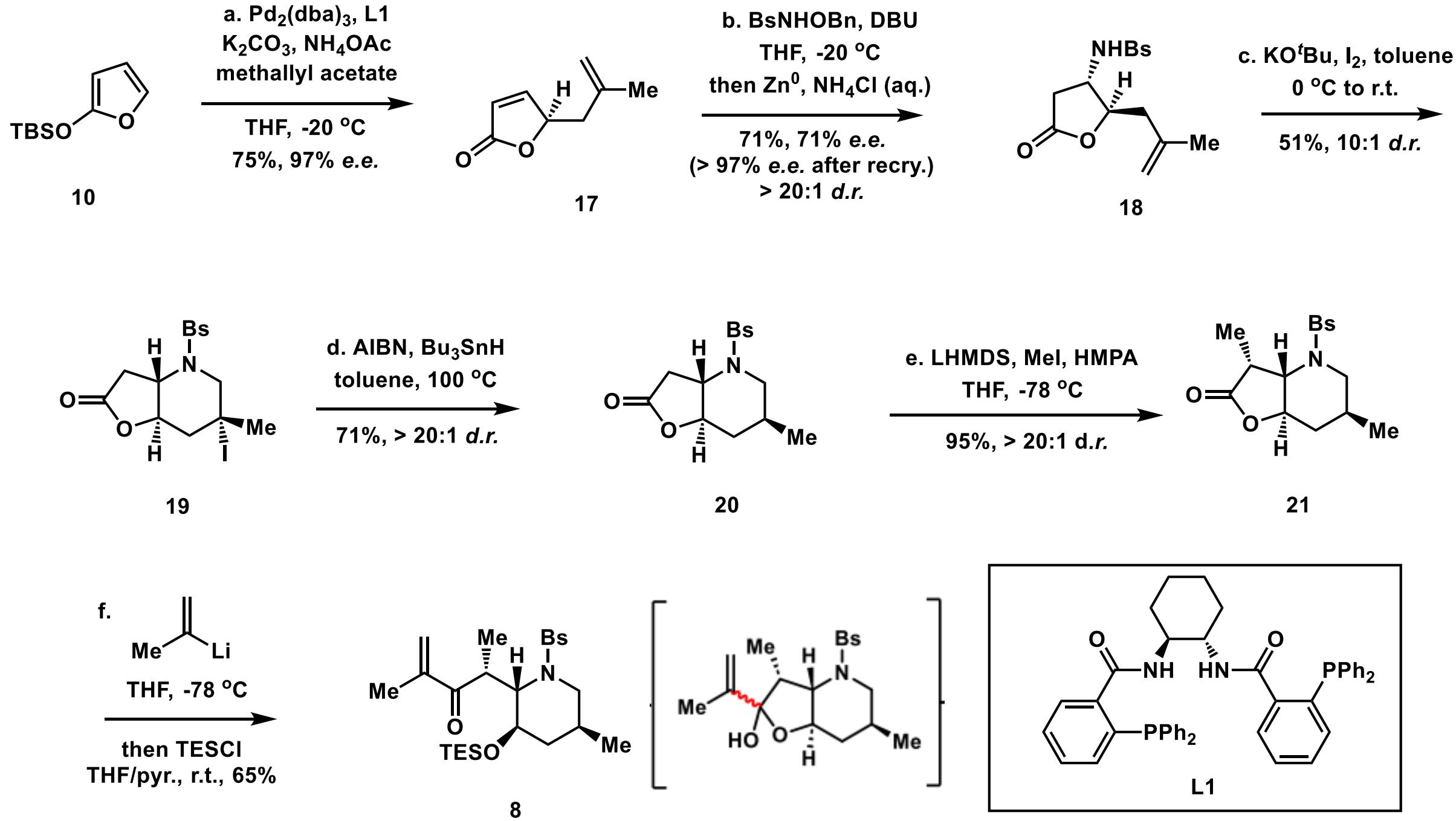


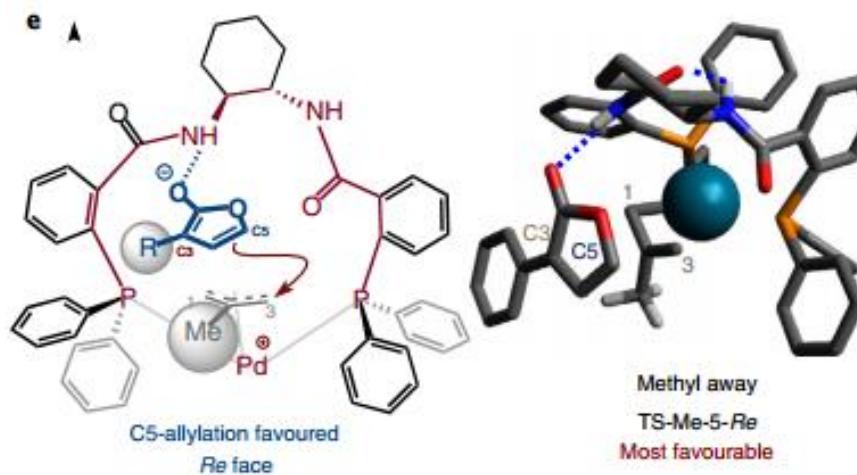
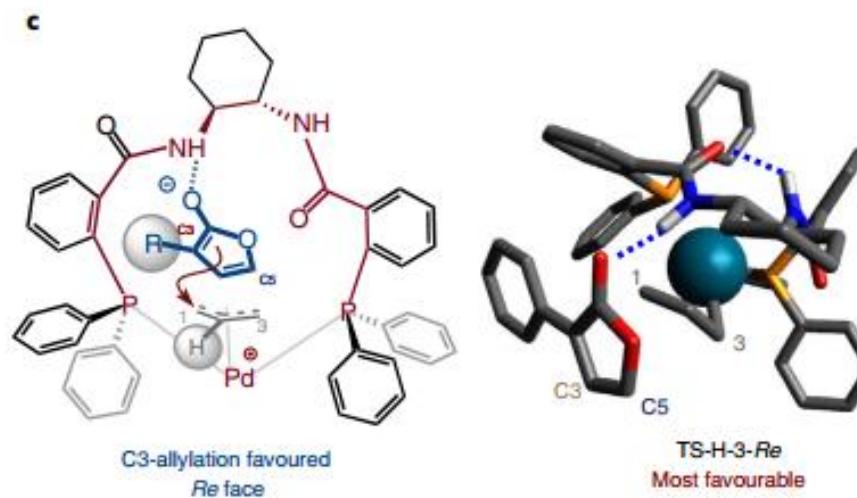
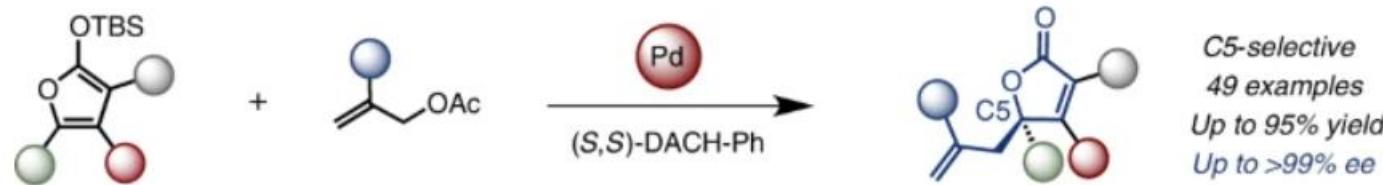
b. proposed catalytic cycle for cooperative hydrogen atom transfer (cHAT)



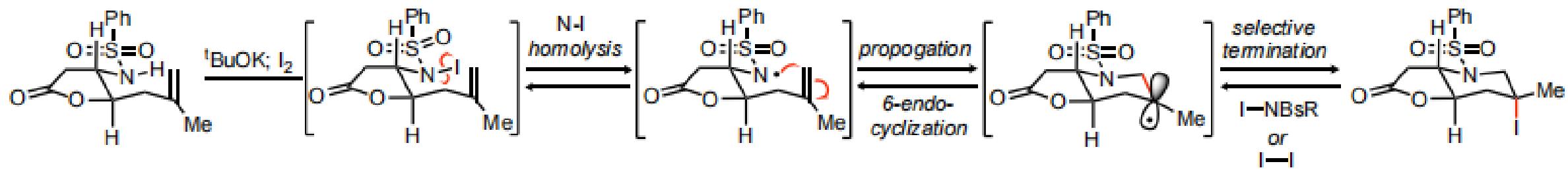
Scheme 1. Preparation and Use of (BDP)CuH (**2**)



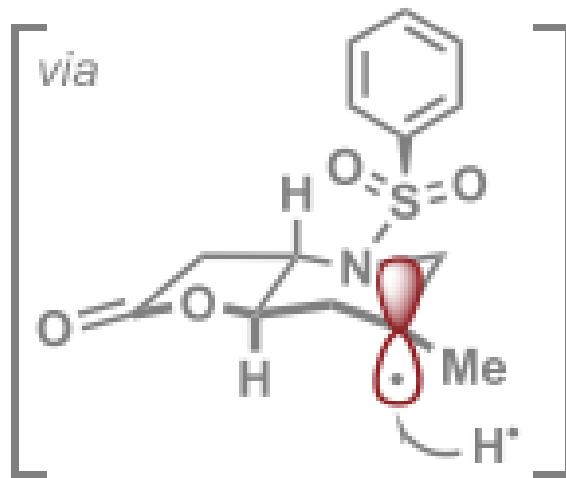


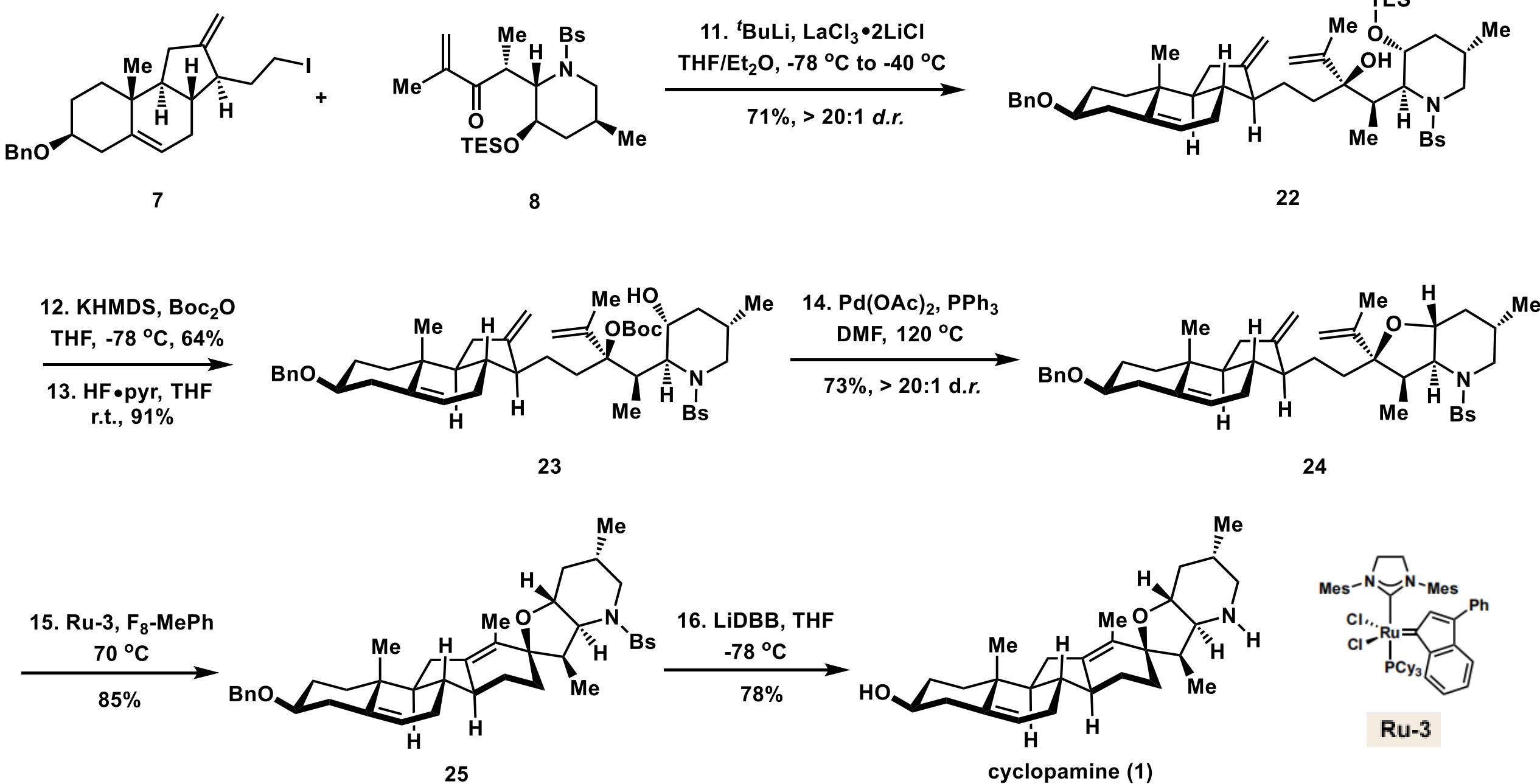


step C:



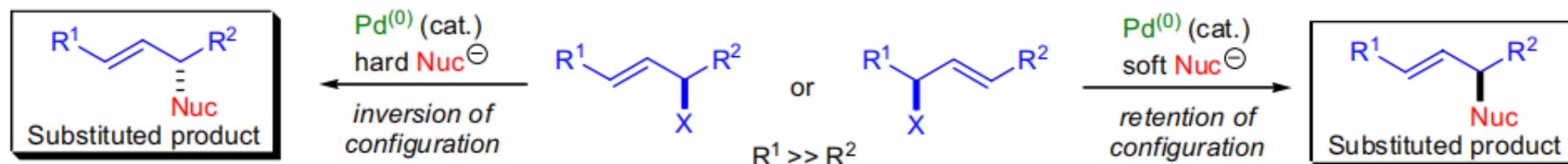
step D:



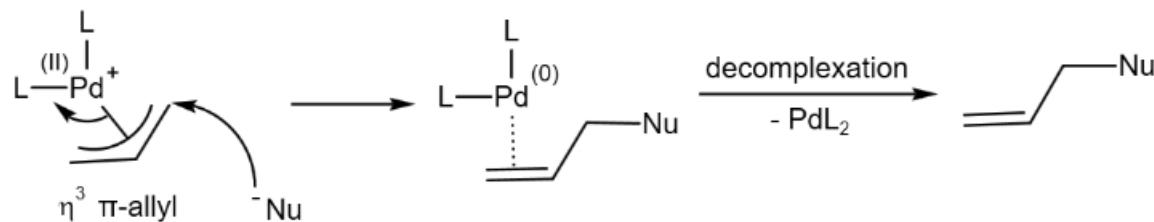


TSUJI-TROST REACTION / ALLYLATION

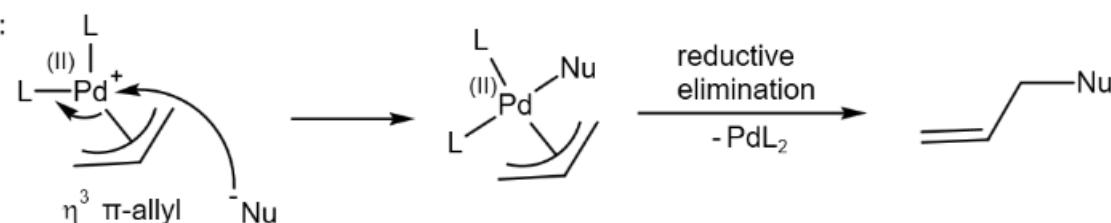
(References are on page 695)

Importance:[Seminal Publications¹⁻⁴; Reviews⁵⁻²⁴; Modifications & Improvements²⁵⁻³⁰; Theoretical Studies³¹⁻³⁷]

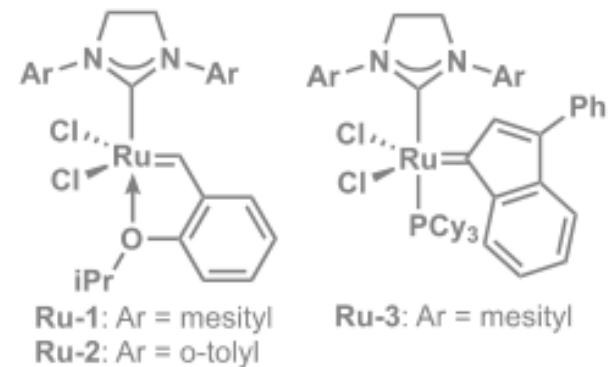
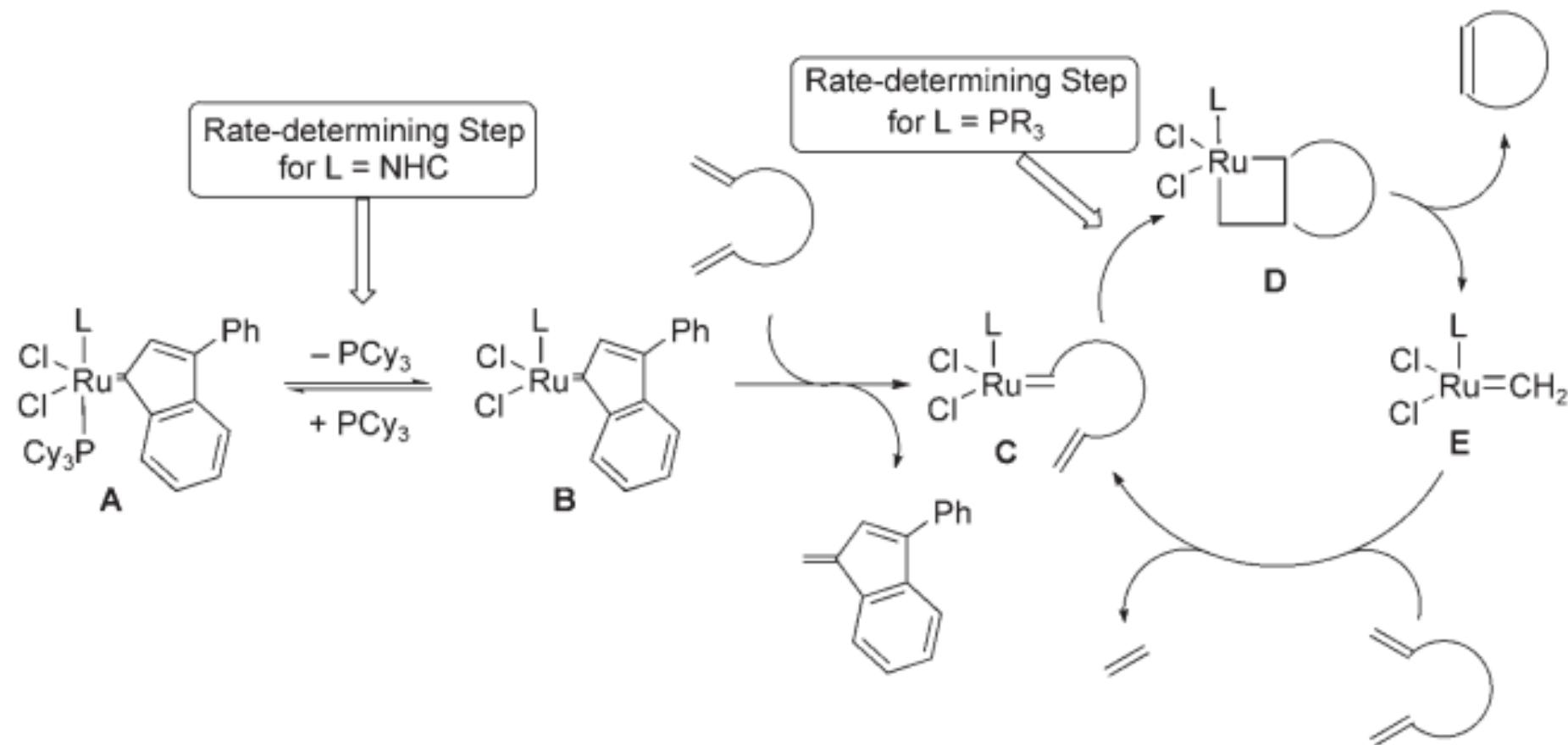
soft nucleophiles:

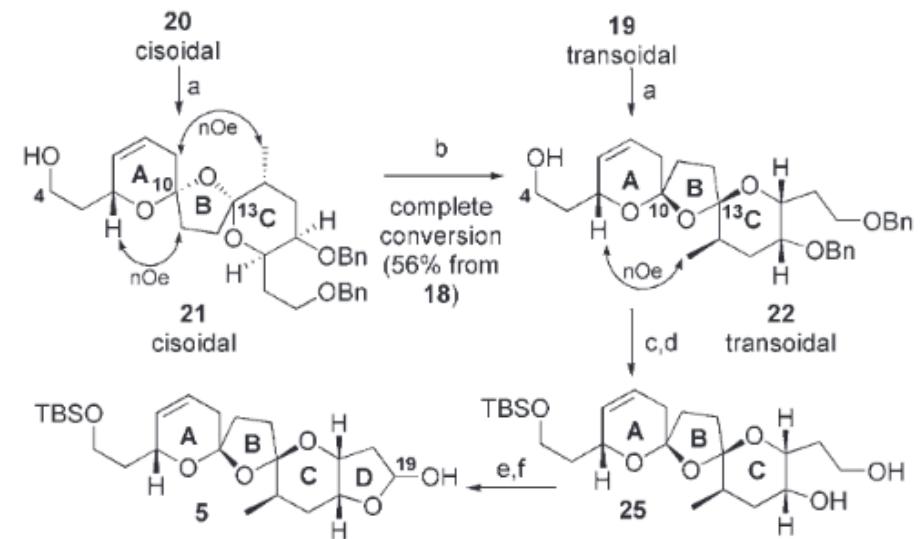
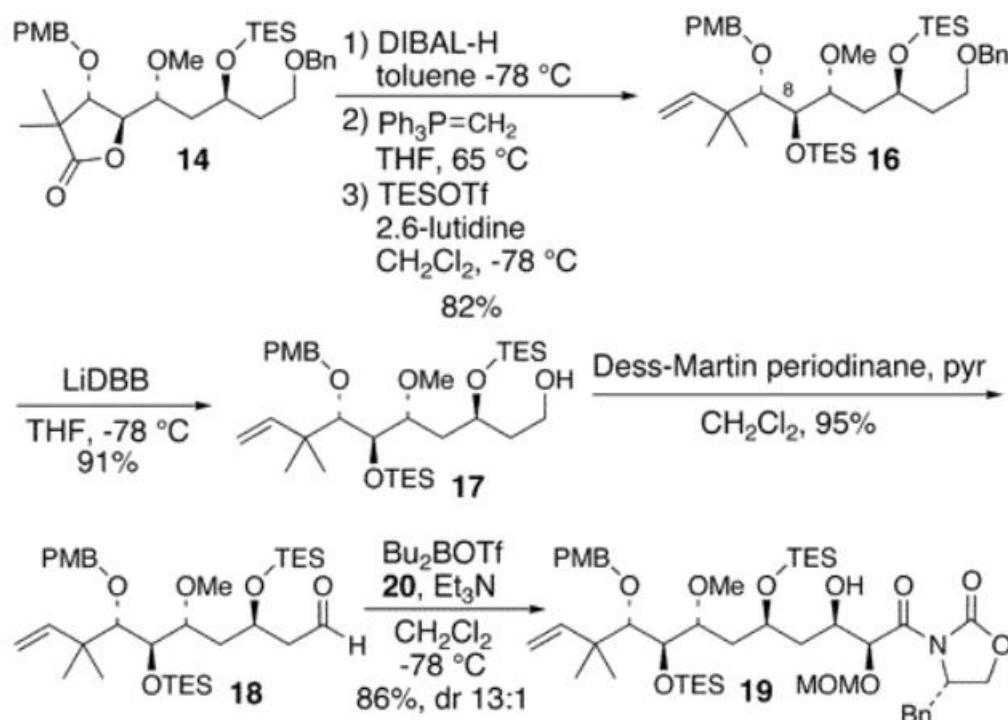
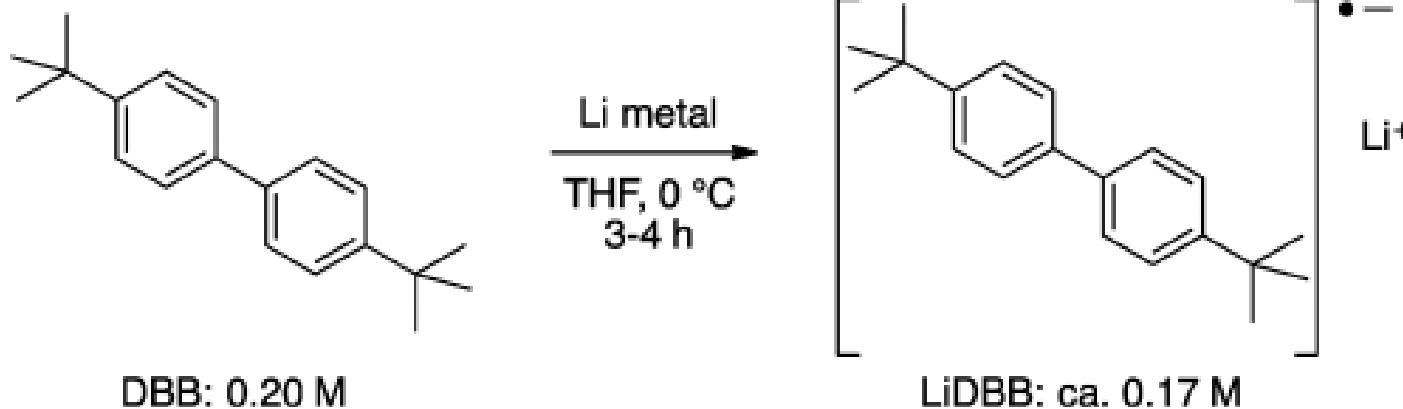


hard nucleophiles:



RCM reaction:





Scheme 4. Equilibration of C4-hydroxy bis-spiroketals. Reagents and conditions: a) TBAF, THF; b) CSA, $t\text{BuOH}/\text{PhMe}$ (1:1), 18 h; c) TBSOTf, 2,6-lutidine, CH_2Cl_2 , -78 °C, 99%; d) LiDBB, THF, -78 °C, 95%; e) TPAP, NMO, CH_2Cl_2 , M.S.; 67%; f) DIBAL-H, CH_2Cl_2 , 90%. TBAF = tetra-*n*-butylammonium fluoride; DBB = lithium 4,4-di-*tert*-butylbiphenylide.