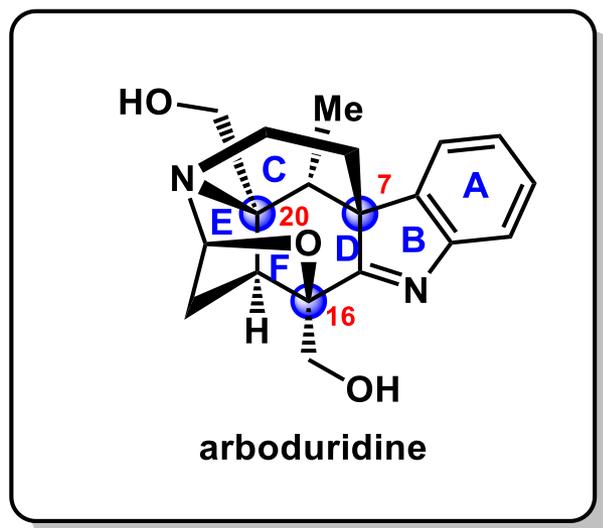


## Total Synthesis

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doi.org/10.1002/anie.202316016

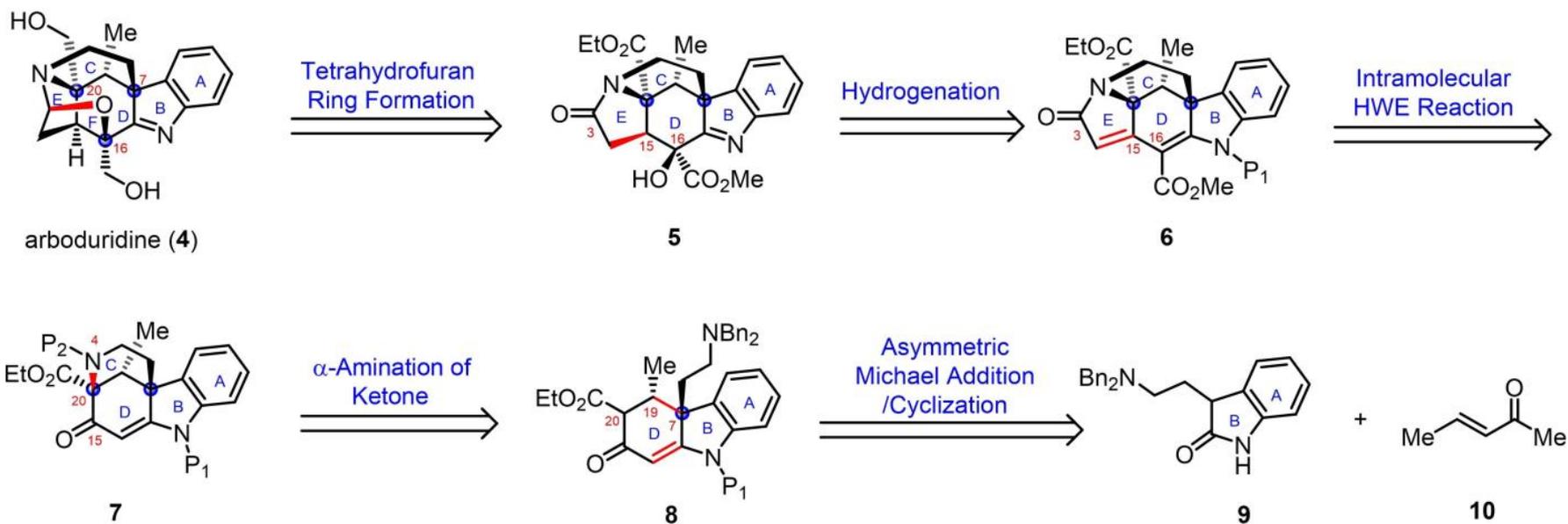
# Asymmetric Synthesis of Arboduridine

Rui Yang<sup>+</sup>, Zeyu Zhou<sup>+</sup>, Huanfeng Jiang, Toh-Seok Kam, Kai Chen, and Zhiqiang Ma\*

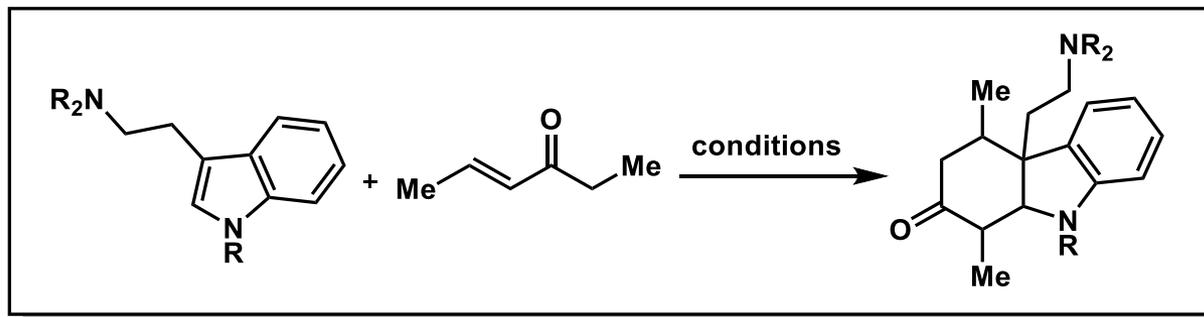


- ❑ Isolated by Kam from the Malayan *K. arborea* Blume in 2022
- ❑ Caged hexacyclic structure
- ❑ Five contiguous stereocenters

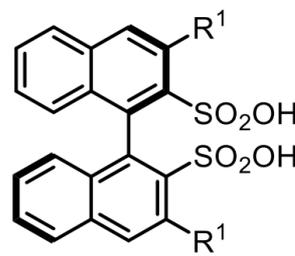
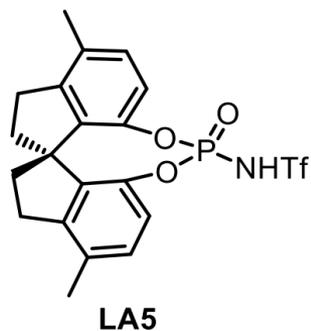
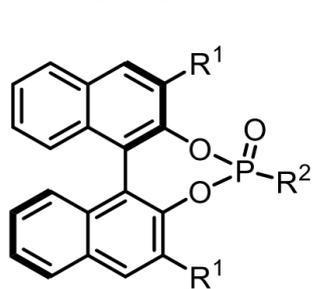
# Retrosynthetic Analysis of Arboduridine



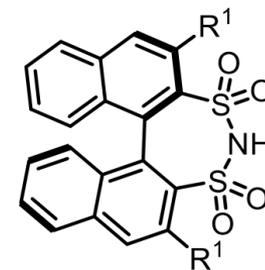
# Attempts of Asymmetric Michael and Mannich Addition with Tryptamine Derivatives and S2



## Brønsted acids



**LA6:**  $R^1 = 3,5\text{-(CF}_3)_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3$



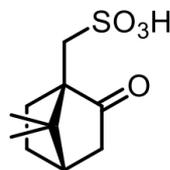
**LA8:**  $R^1 = 3,5\text{-(CF}_3)_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3$

**LA1:**  $R^1 = \text{Ph}$ ,  $R^2 = \text{OH}$ ;

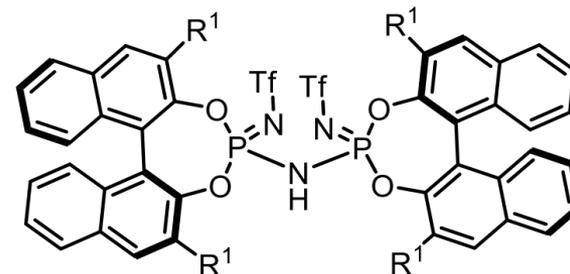
**LA2:**  $R^1 = 2,4,6\text{-}(i\text{Pr})_3\text{C}_6\text{H}_2$ ,  $R^2 = \text{OH}$ ;

**LA3:**  $R^1 = \text{SiPh}_3$ ,  $R^2 = \text{NHTf}$ ;

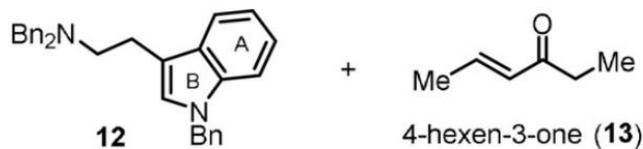
**LA4:**  $R^1 = 3,5\text{-(CF}_3)_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3$ ,  $R^2 = \text{NHTf}$



**LA7**



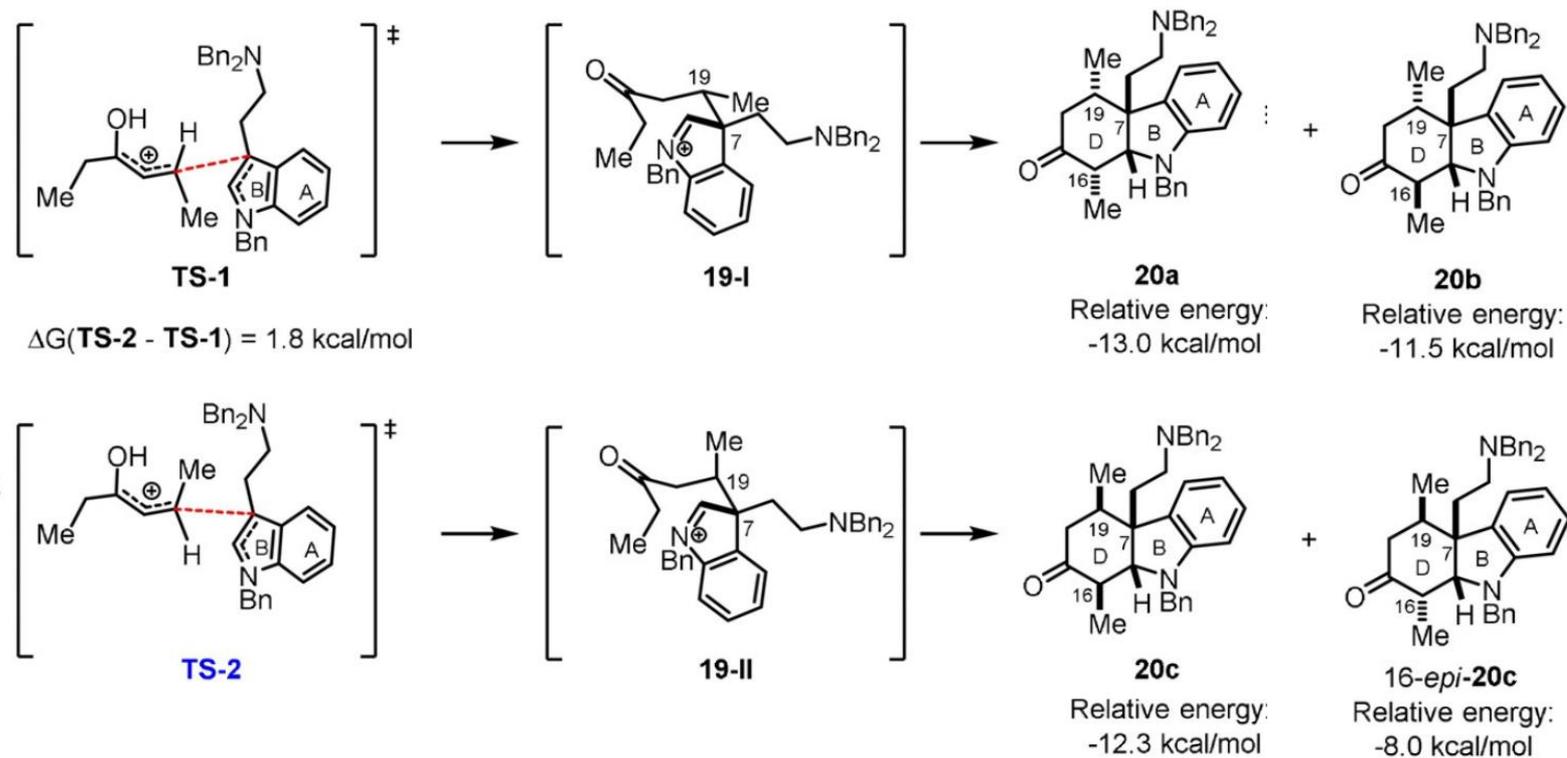
**LA9:**  $R^1 = 3,5\text{-(CF}_3)_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_3$



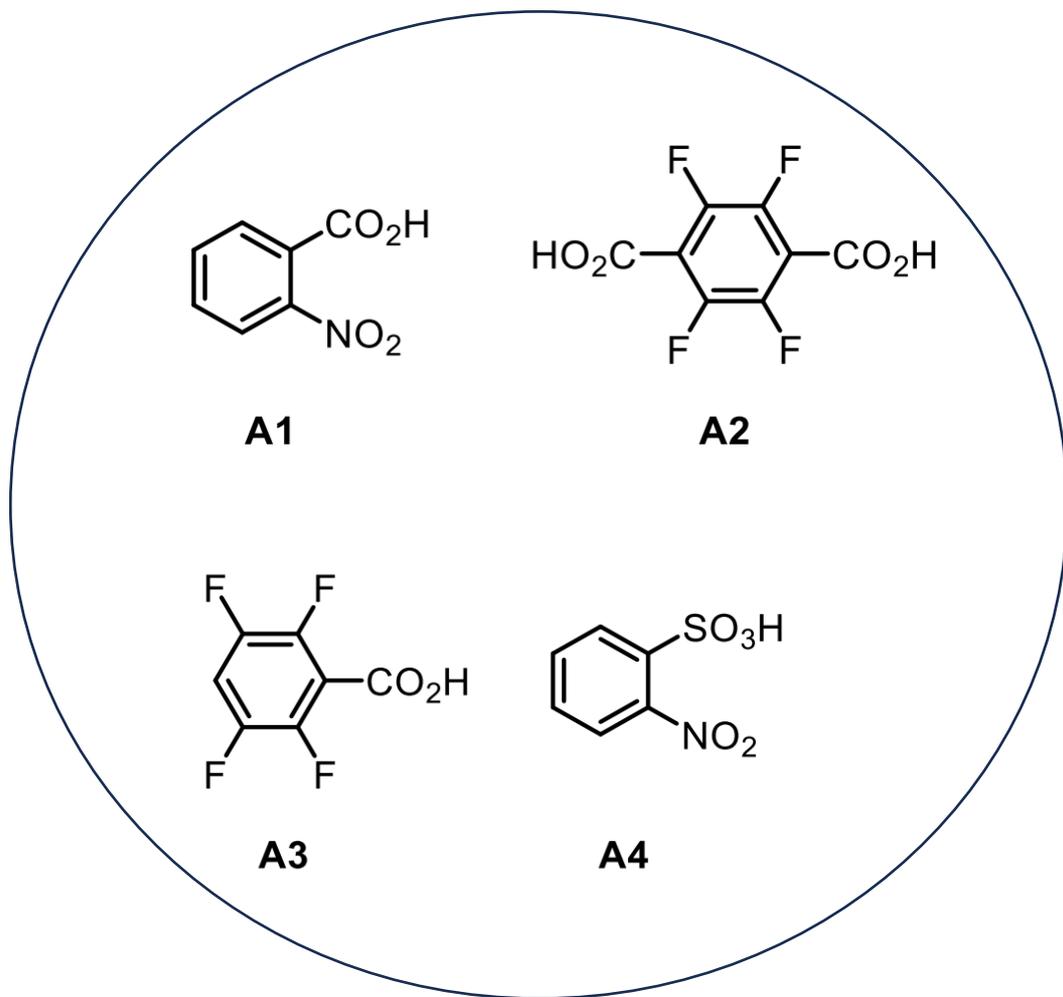
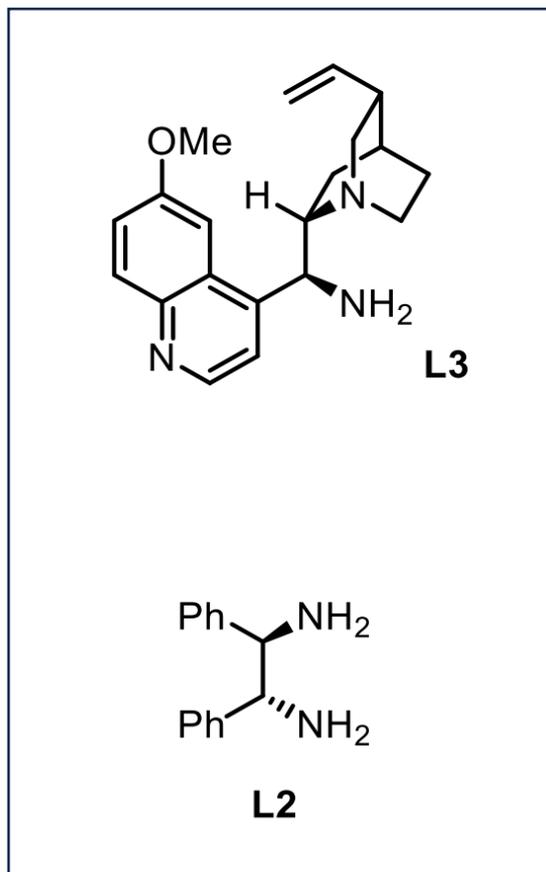
TfOH, MeCN, 0 °C to rt

**20a**: 44%; **20b**: 11%; **20c**: 30%; 16-*epi*-**20c**: 0%

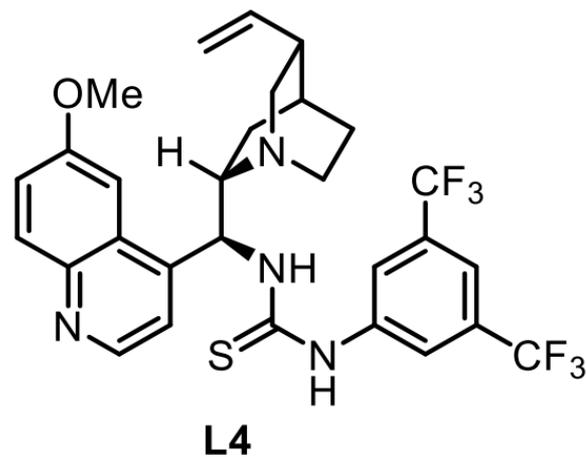
**Cascade Michael/Mannich reactions**



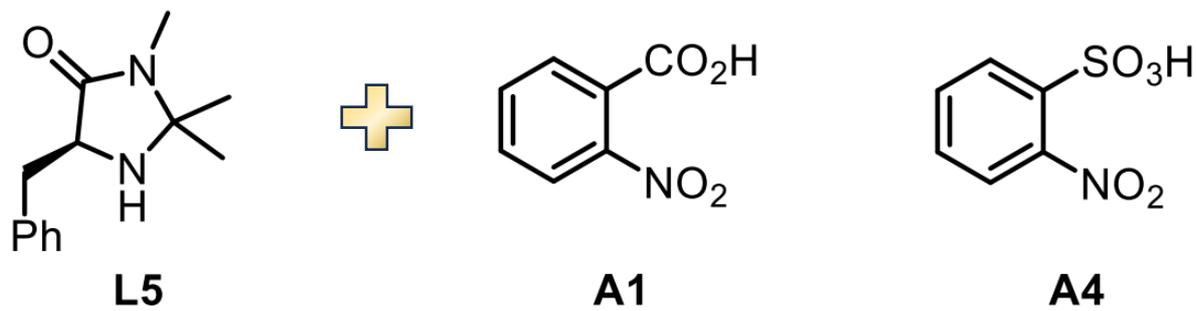
## Primary amines catalysts with Brønsted acids



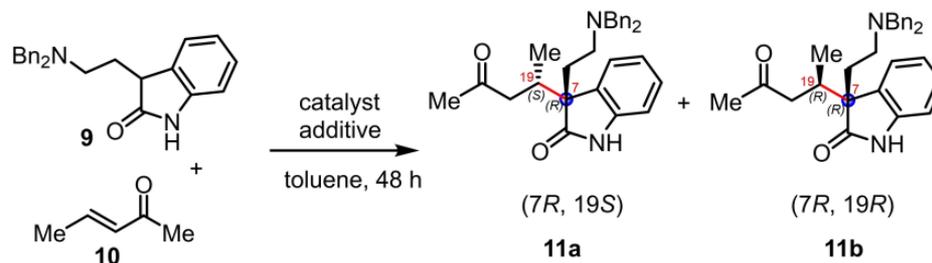
## Thiourea type ligand



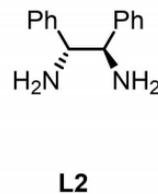
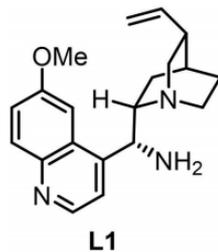
## Macmillan's secondary amine catalyst



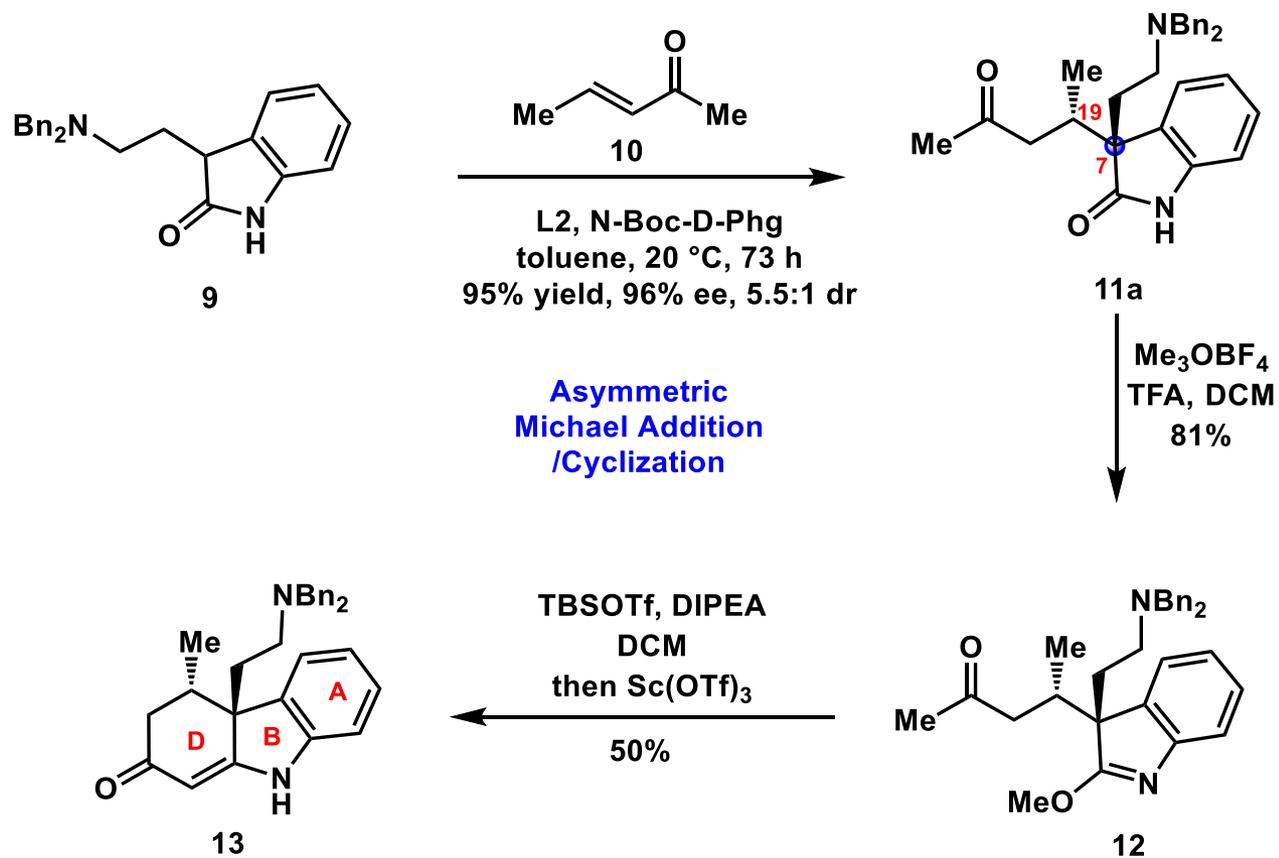
**Table 1:** Optimization of the *anti*-selective Michael addition of oxindole **9** to enone **10**.



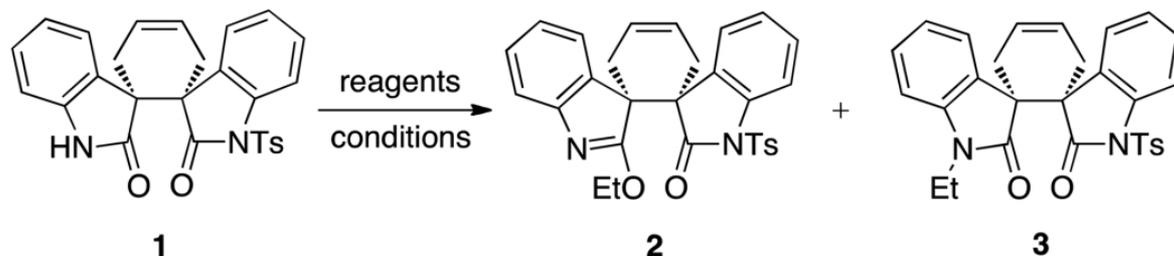
Entry <sup>[a]</sup>	Cat. (mol%)	Additive	Yield of <b>11a</b> + <b>11b</b> [%] <sup>[b]</sup>	ee of <b>11a</b> [%] <sup>[c]</sup>	dr of <b>11a/11b</b> <sup>[d]</sup>
1	<b>L1</b> (10)	<i>p</i> -TsOH	13	63	1.6:1
2	<b>L2</b> (10)	<i>p</i> -TsOH	47	70	1.3:1
3	<b>L2</b> (10)	<i>N</i> -Boc-D-Phg	78	88	2.8:1
4 <sup>[e,f]</sup>	<b>L2</b> (20)	<i>N</i> -Boc-D-Phg	78	95	5.8:1
5 <sup>[e,f,g]</sup>	<b>L2</b> (20)	<i>N</i> -Boc-D-Phg	95	96	5.5:1



# Construction of A/B/D Ring System



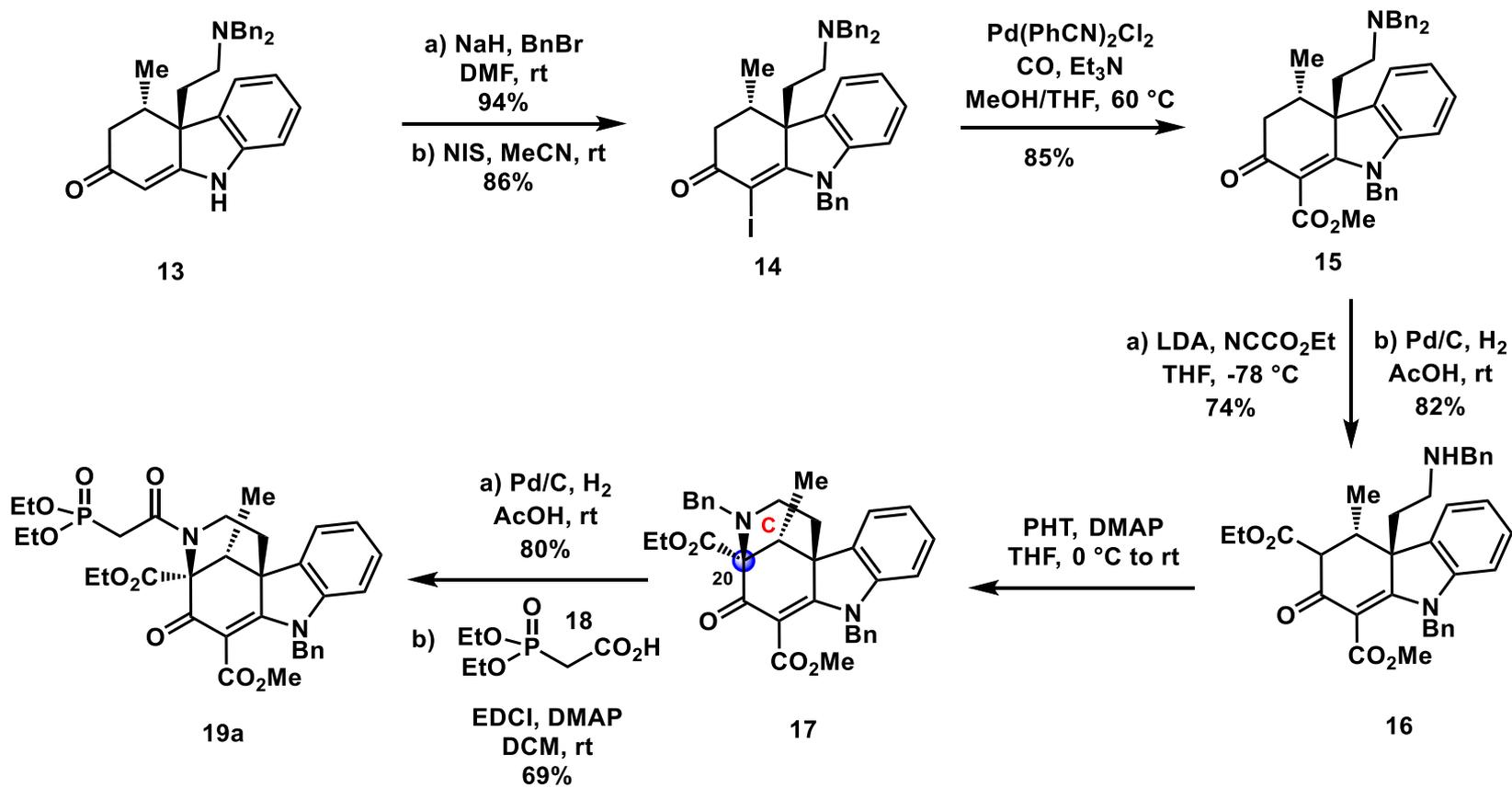
**Table 1. Alkylation of Amide 1 Using Et<sub>3</sub>O·BF<sub>4</sub>**

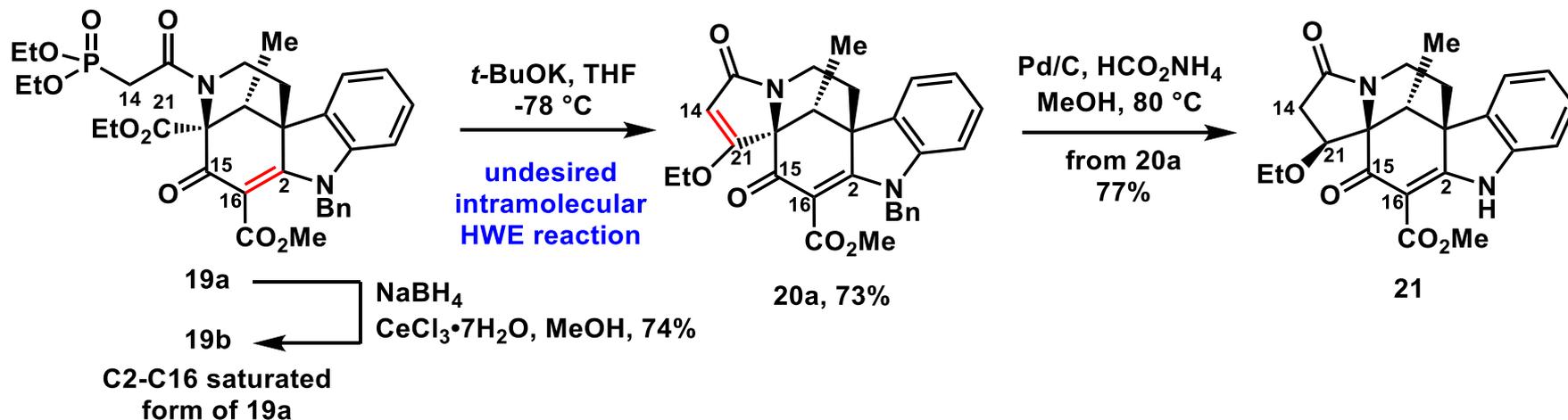


entry	reagents	conditions	ratio 2:3 <sup>a</sup>	yield (2 + 3) (%)
1	Et <sub>3</sub> O·BF <sub>4</sub> (2 equiv, fresh batch)	CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> , rt	65:35	90
2	Et <sub>3</sub> O·BF <sub>4</sub> (5 equiv, old batch)	CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> , rt	90:10	87
3	Et <sub>3</sub> O·BF <sub>4</sub> (2 equiv), Et <sub>3</sub> N (3 equiv)	CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> , 0 °C → rt	75:25	80
4	Et <sub>3</sub> O·BF <sub>4</sub> (2 equiv), <i>i</i> -Pr <sub>2</sub> EtN (3 equiv)	CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> , 0 °C → rt	60:40	89
5	Et <sub>3</sub> O·BF <sub>4</sub> (2 equiv), DTBMP (3 equiv)	CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> , 0 °C → rt	85:15	92
6	Et <sub>3</sub> O·BF <sub>4</sub> (2 equiv), TFA (10 mol %)	CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> , rt	100:0	98

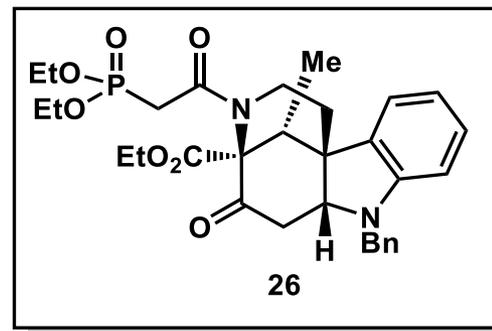
<sup>a</sup>Determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectroscopic analysis of the crude reaction mixture.

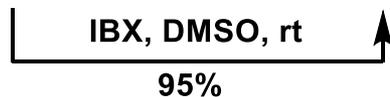
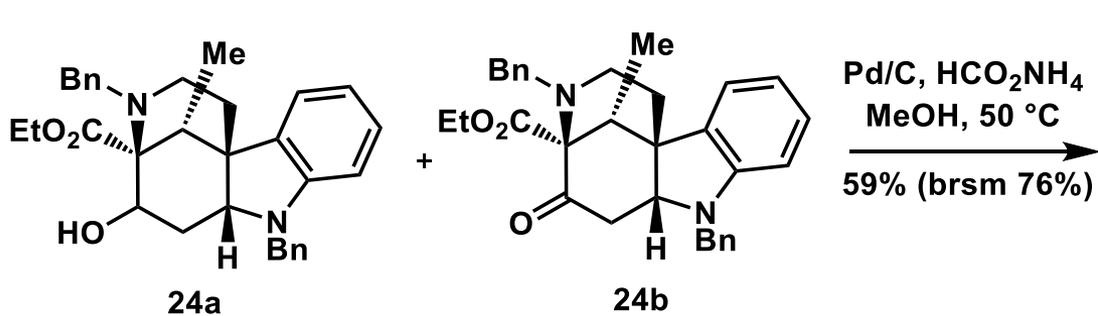
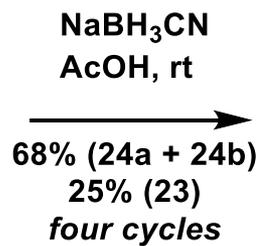
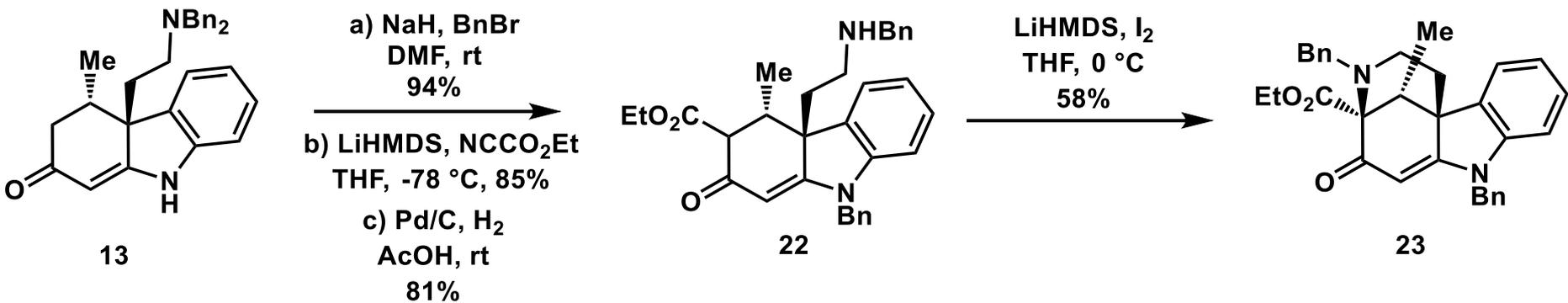
# Construction of C Ring (Piperidine Ring)



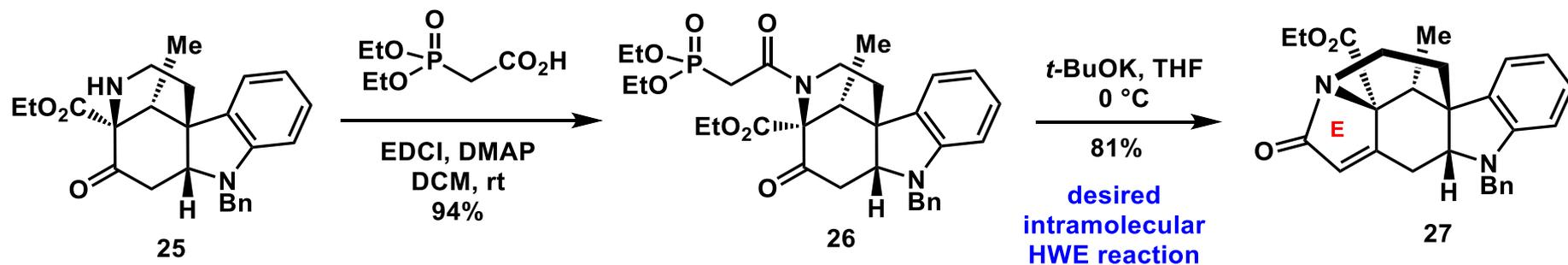


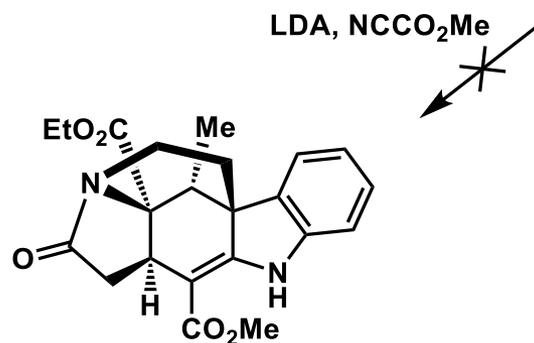
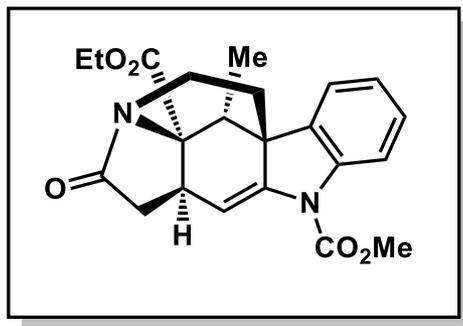
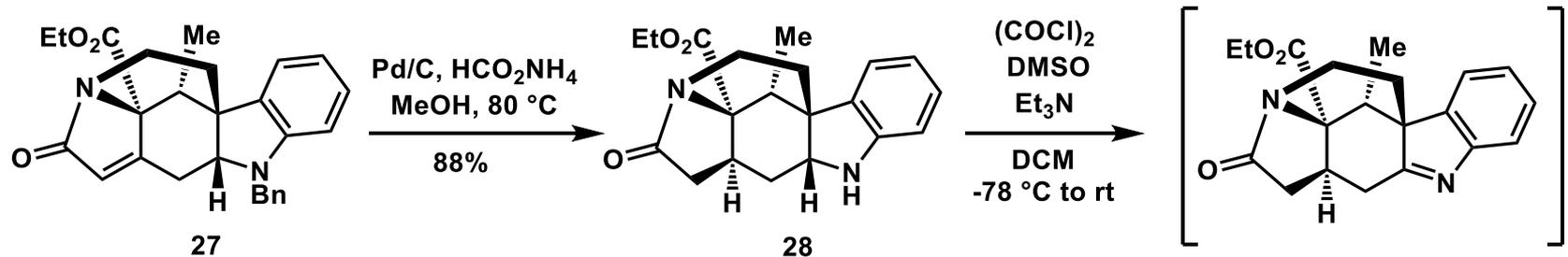
- Inertness of the C15 carbonyl group of vinylogous amide
- The rigidity of the structure imposed by the presence of the double bond



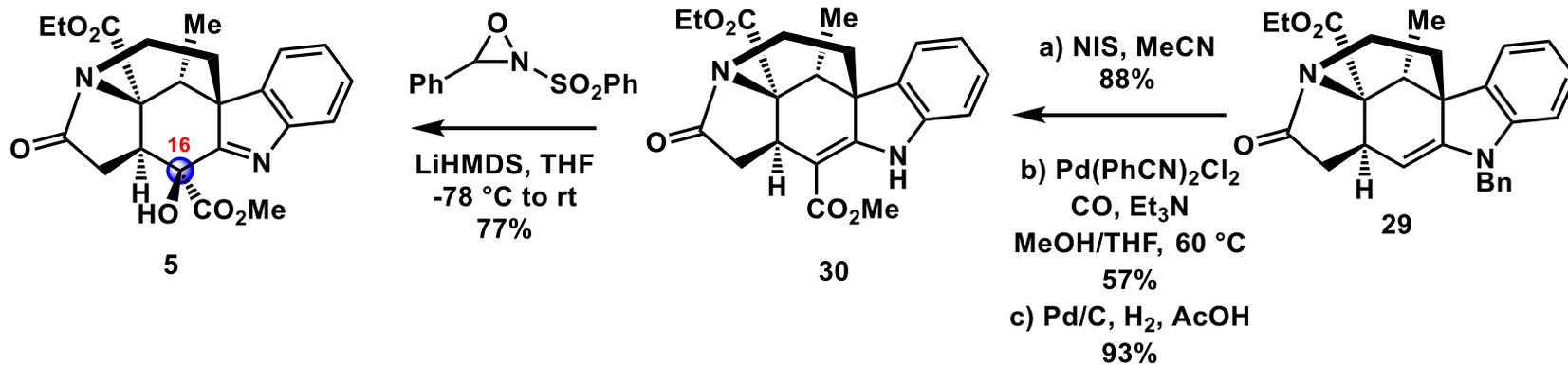


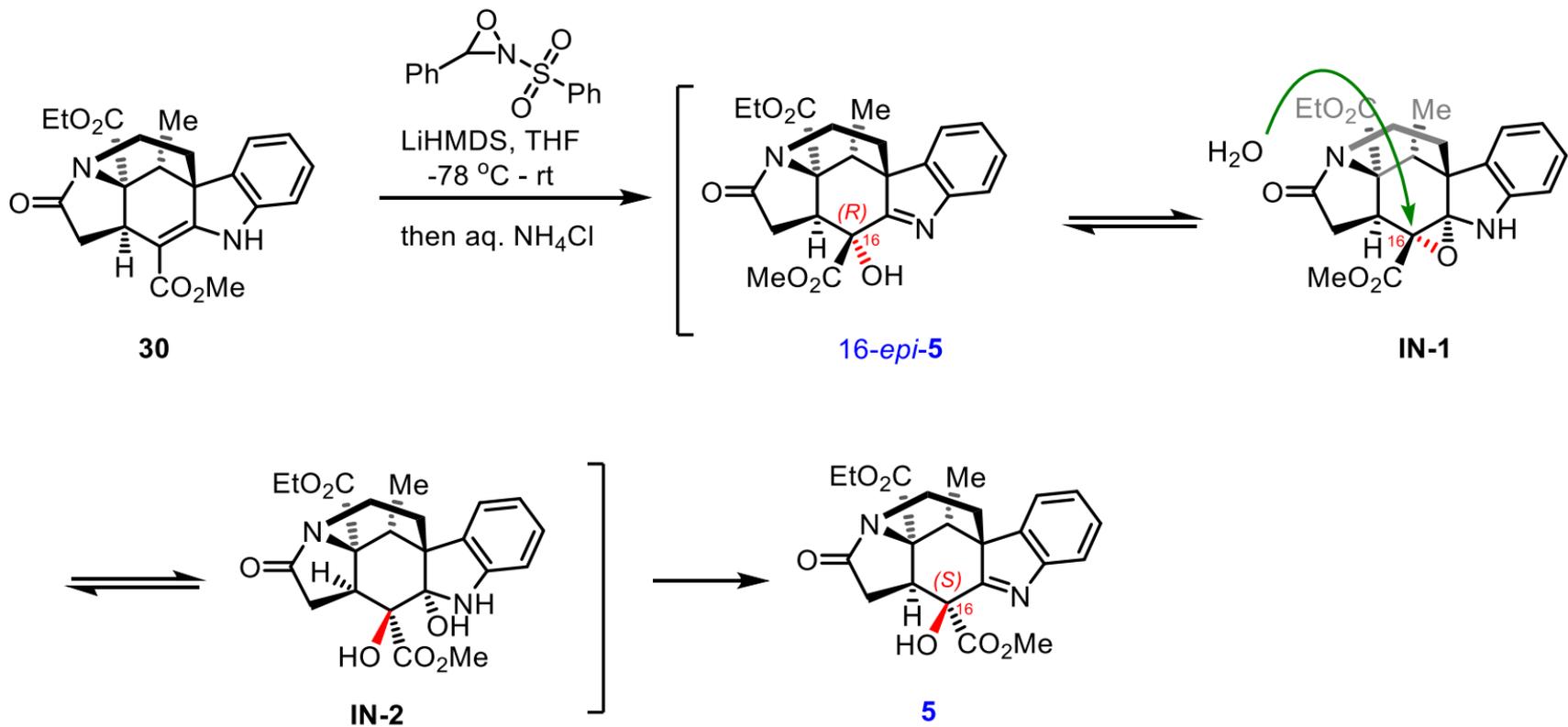
## Construction of E Ring (Pyrrolindioe Ring)





then  
 NaH, BnBr  
 DMF  
 45% over 2 steps





# Construction of F Ring (Tetrahydrofuran Ring)

