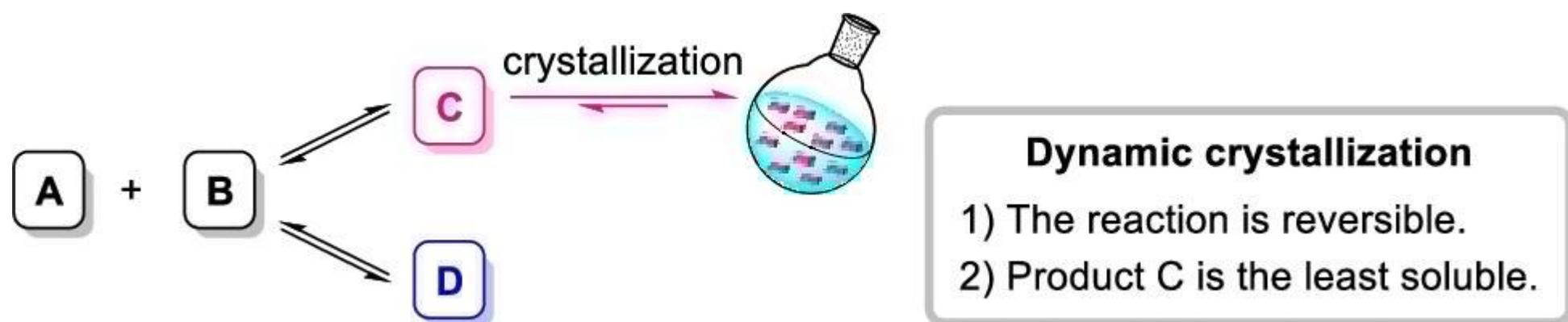
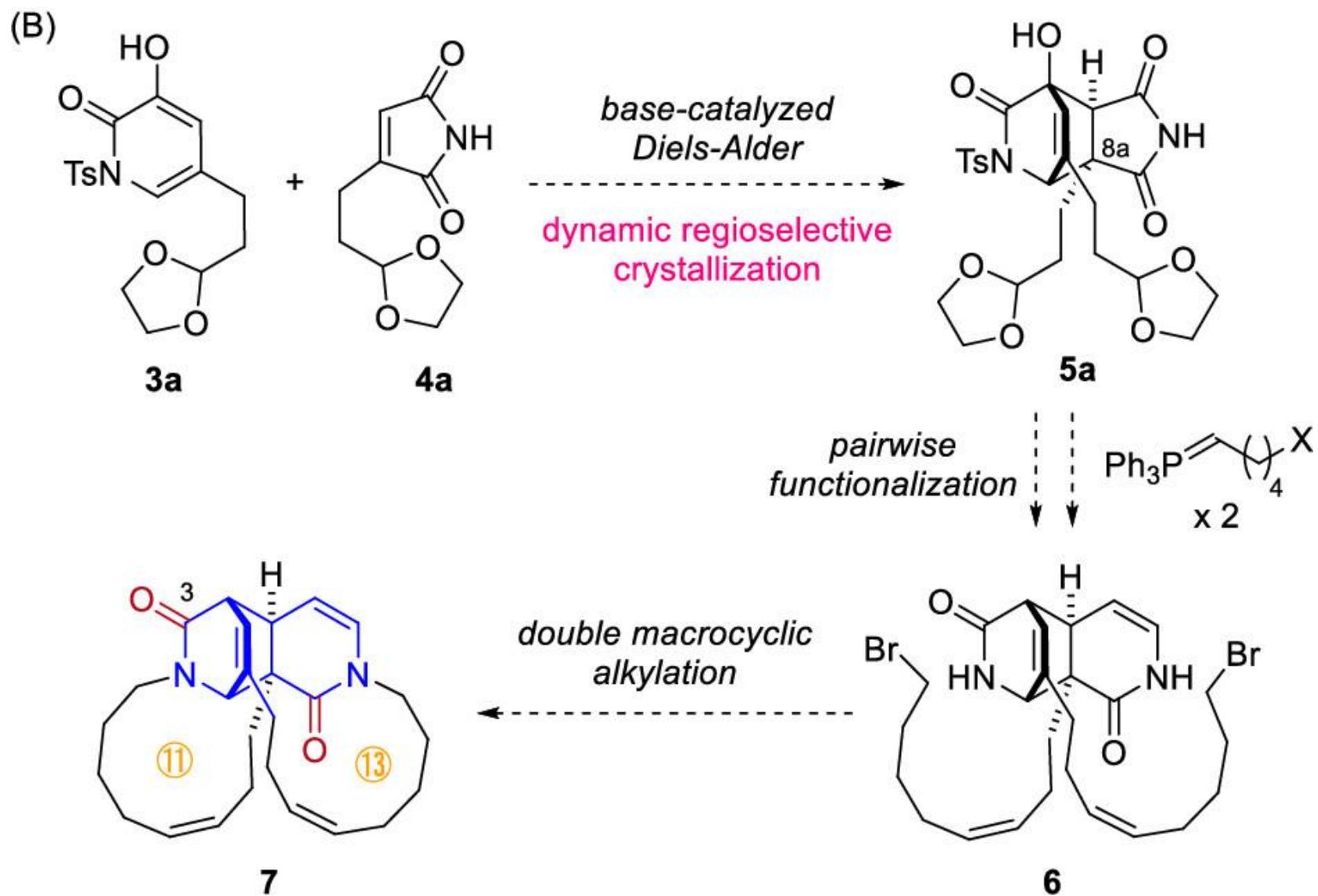
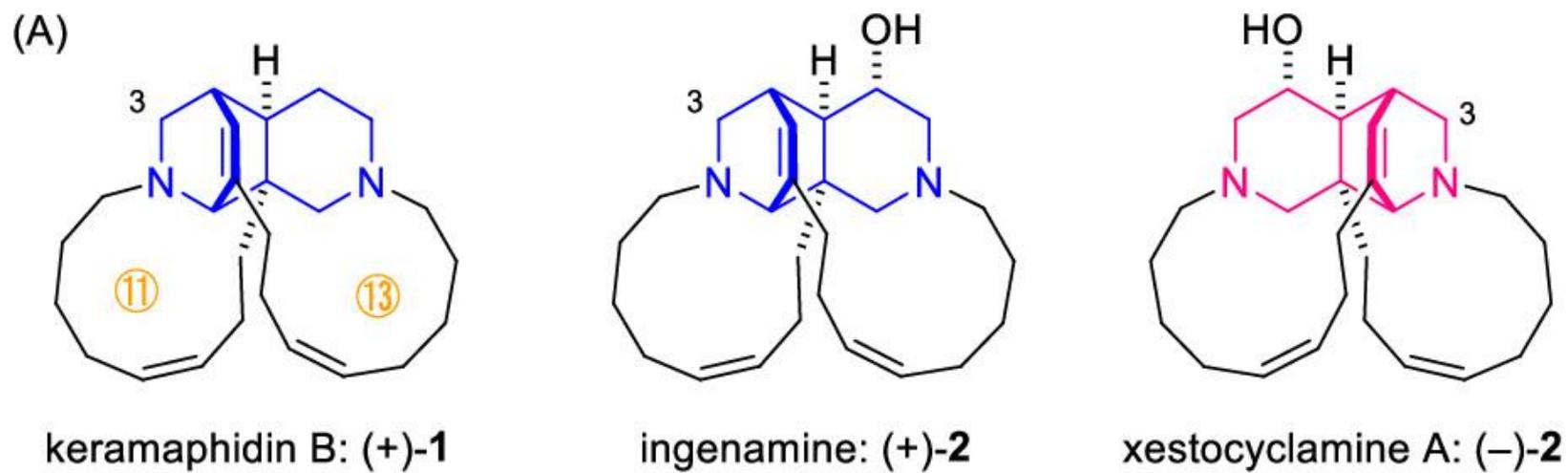


Total Synthesis of Keramaphidin B and Ingenamine by Base-Catalyzed Diels–Alder Reaction Using Dynamic Regioselective Crystallization

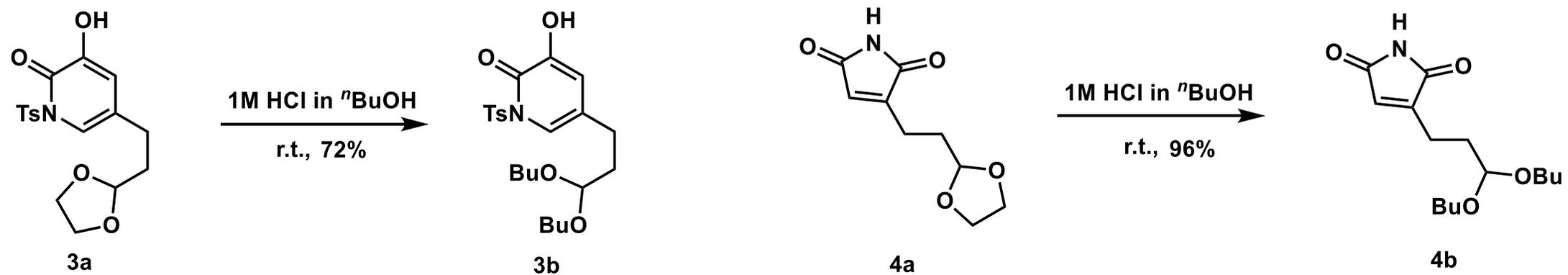
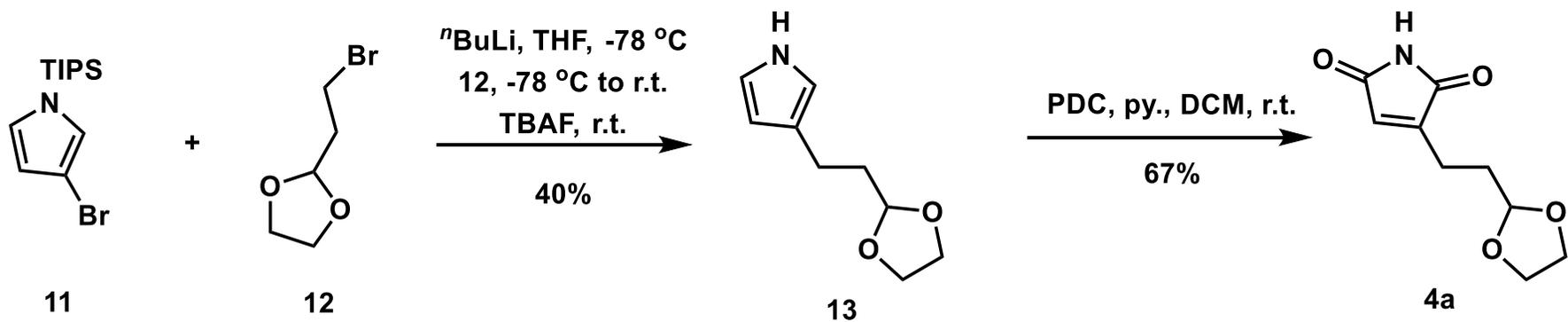
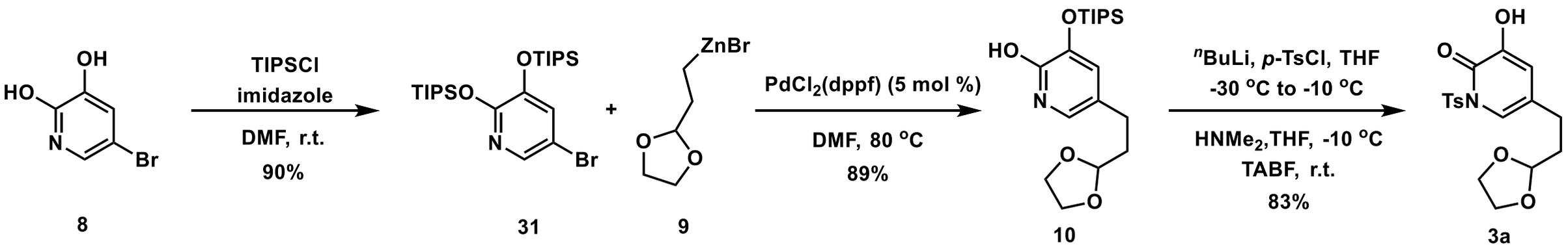
Yuki Kurihara, Minori Yagi, Takashi Noguchi, Haruka Yasufuku, Ayane Okita, Sho Yoshimura, Takeshi Oishi, Noritaka Chida, Toshitaka Okamura, and Takaaki Sato*



Scheme 1. Dynamic Crystallization Approach To Control Selectivity



Scheme 2. (A) Keramaphidin B and Ingenamine, (B) Our Synthetic Plan



Negishi偶联

Pd-catalyzed process:

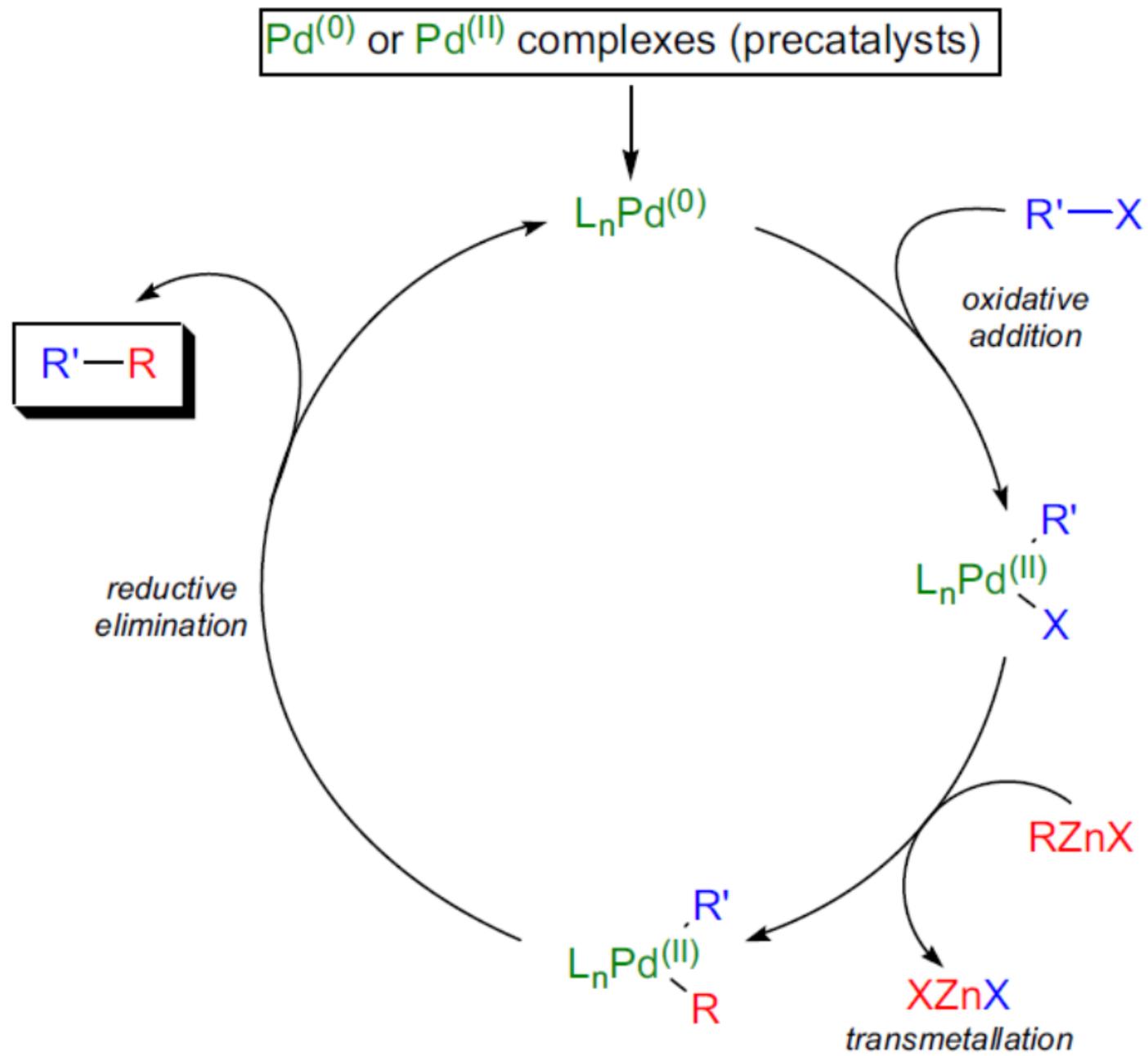
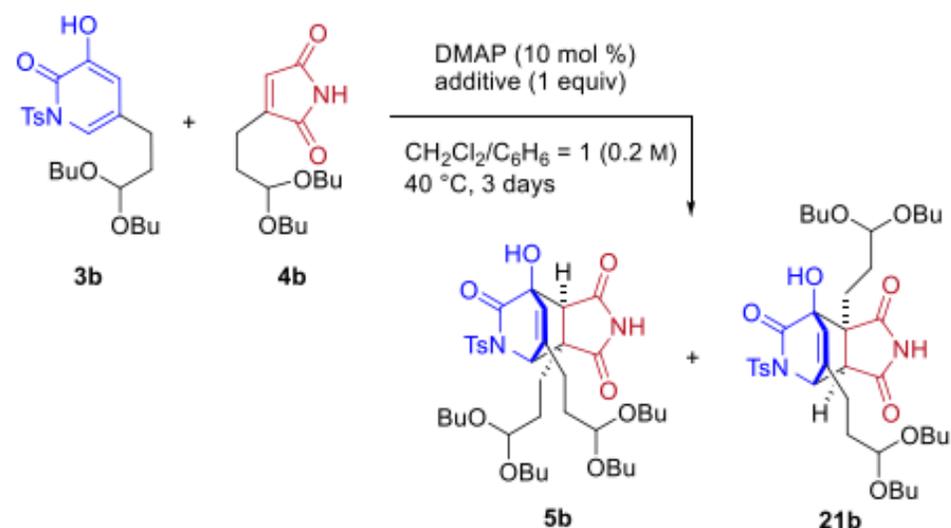


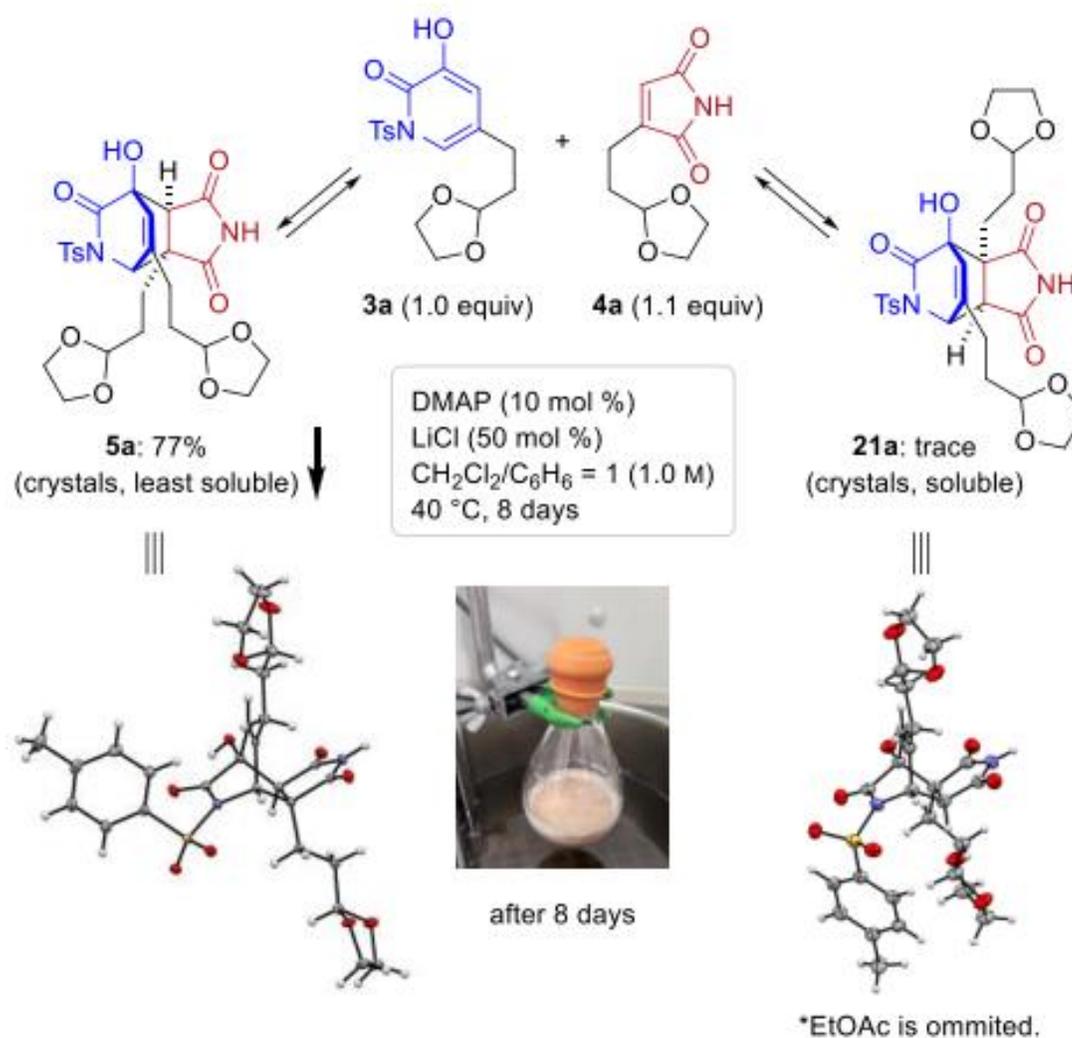
Table 1. DMAP-Catalyzed Diels–Alder Reaction between 3-Hydroxy-2-pyridone and Maleimide^a



entry	SM	additive	yields ^b			
			5b	21b	3b	4b
1	3b+4b	none	5%	14%	55%	68%
2	3b+4b	LiCl	39%	20%	8%	22%
3	5b	none	98%	0%	0%	0%
4	21b	none	0%	97%	0%	0%
5	5b	LiCl	38%	15%	12%	24%
6	21b	LiCl	27%	11%	11%	22%

^a**3b** (1 equiv), **4b** (1.2 equiv), DMAP (10 mol %), additive (1 equiv), $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{C}_6\text{H}_6 = 1$ (0.2 M), 40 °C, 3 days. ^bYields were determined by ¹H NMR using mesitylene as an internal standard.

Scheme 4. Dynamic Regioselective Crystallization in Base-Catalyzed Diels–Alder Reaction



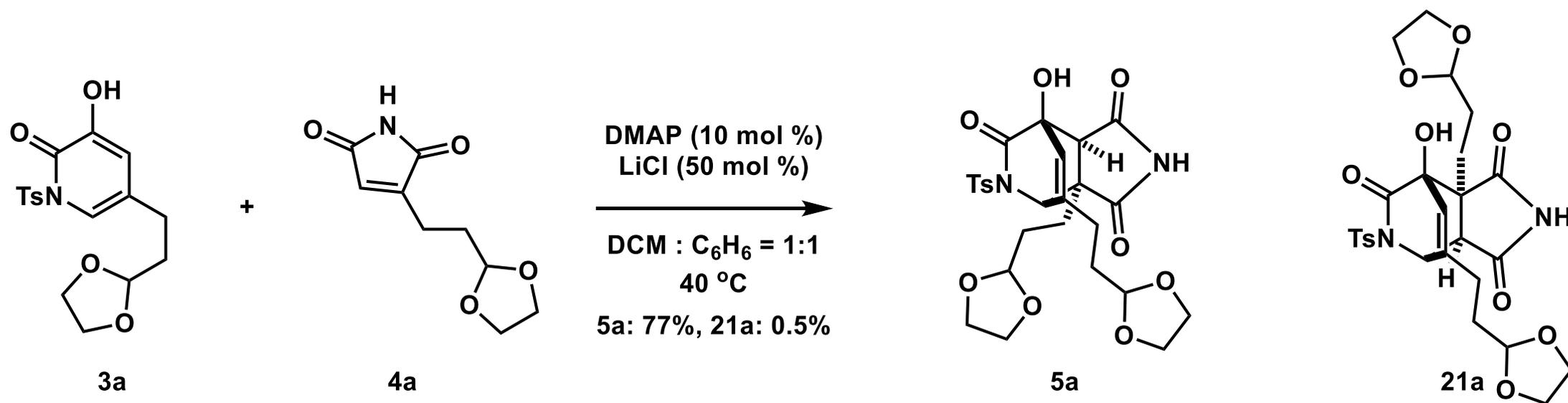
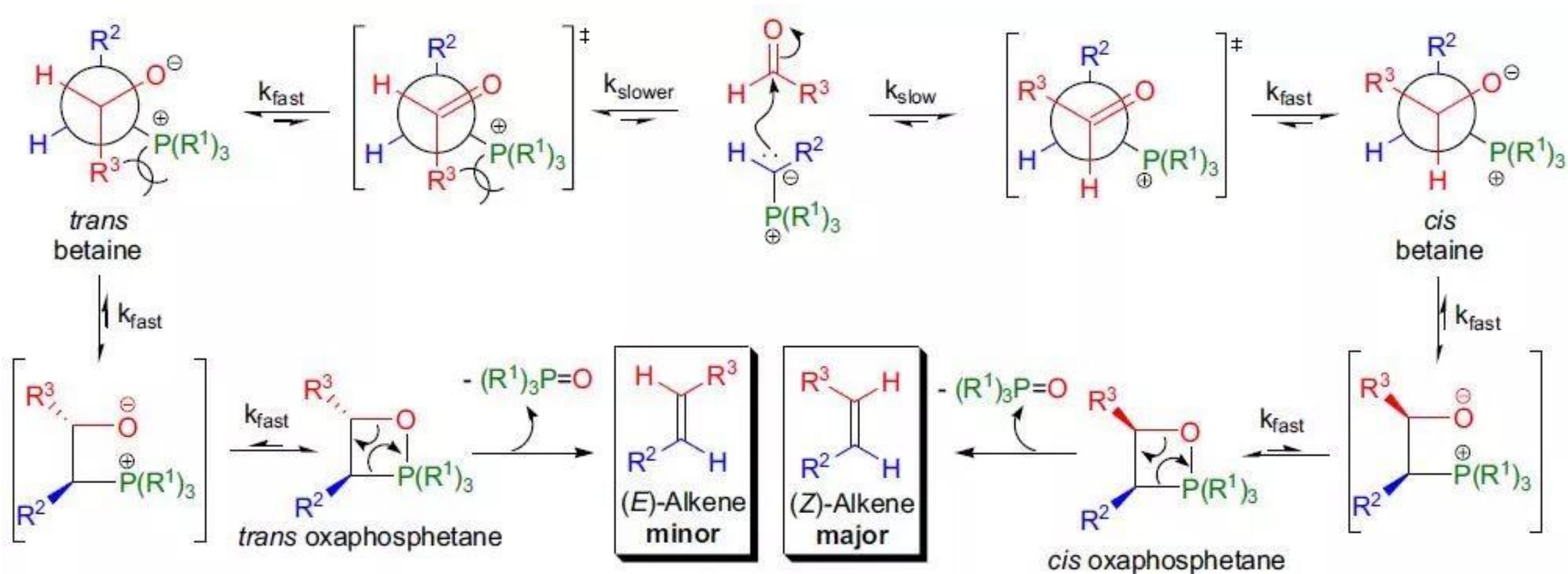


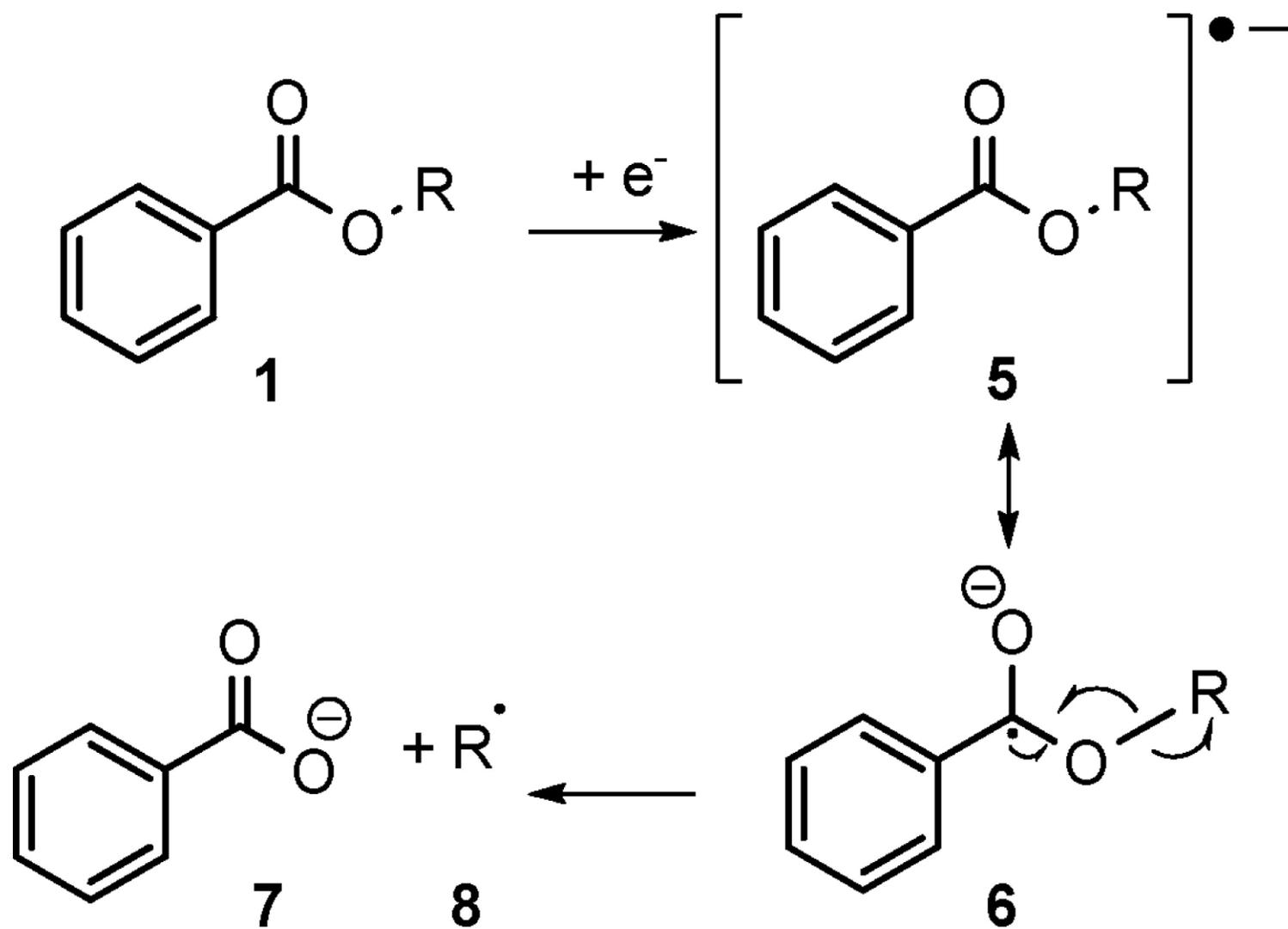
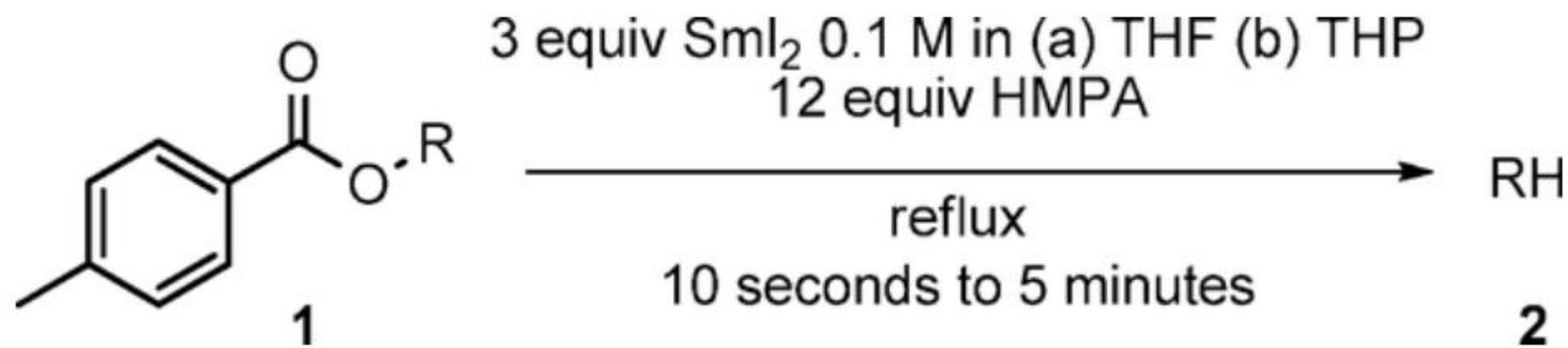
Table S3. Solubility of Related Compounds in CH₂Cl₂/C₆H₆ = 1 at room temperature.^a

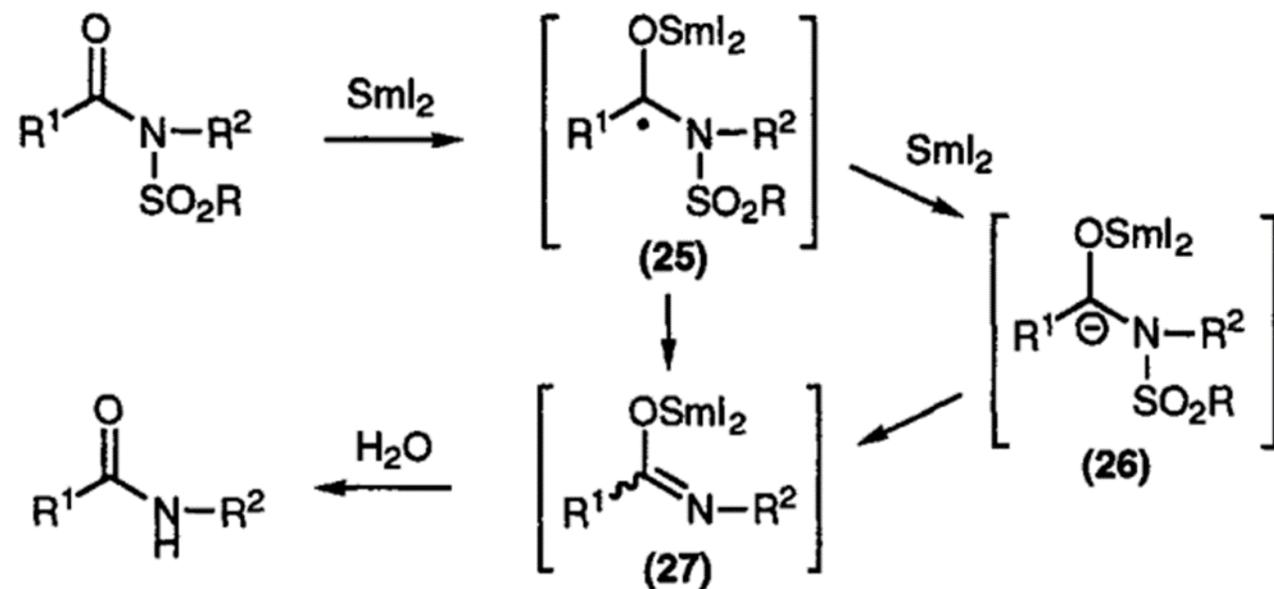
	3a	4a	5a^b	21a
Solubility in CH ₂ Cl ₂ /C ₆ H ₆ = 1	16 mg/mL	700 mg/mL	0.3 mg/mL	18 mg/mL

^aThe modified shake flask method was used to determine the solubility. The solvent (CH₂Cl₂/C₆H₆ = 1) was added to 100 mg of a compound at room temperature until the compound was dissolved. Sonication was used to check if the solid was dissolved at that volume or not. ^b20 mg of **5a** was used instead of 100 mg.

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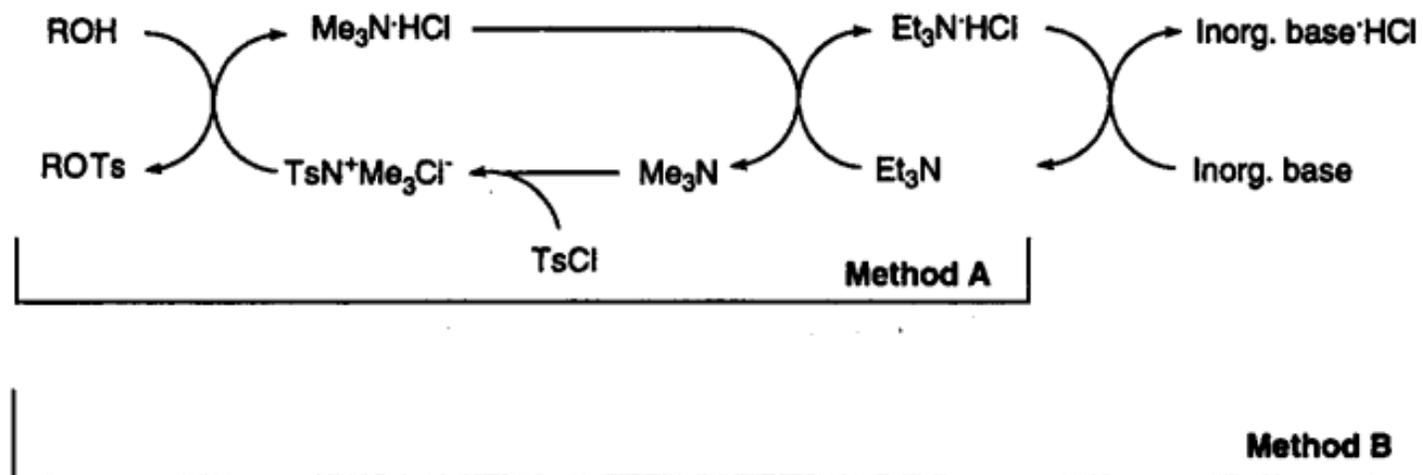
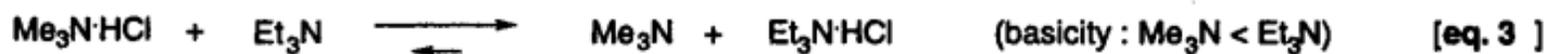






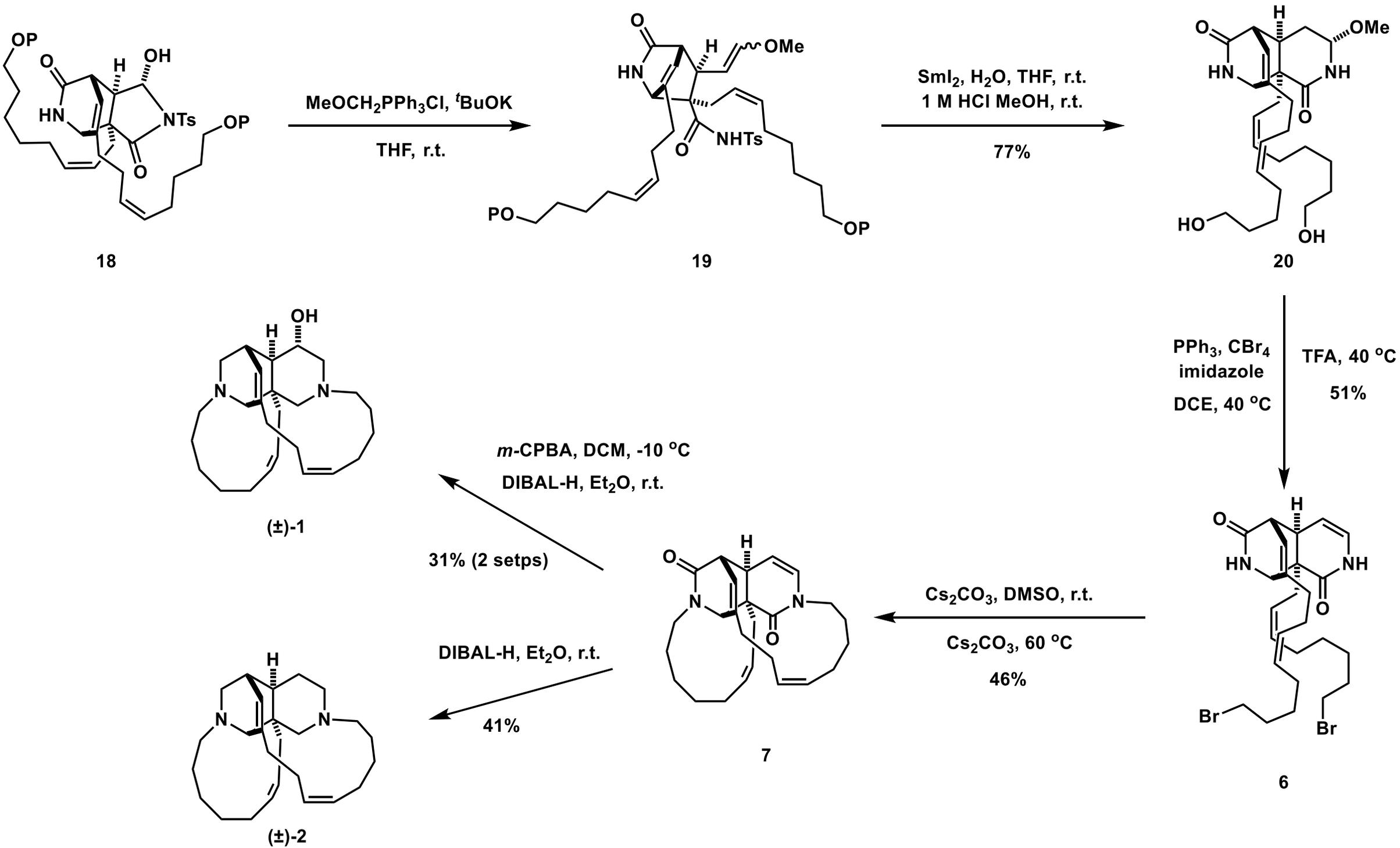
Scheme 4

Synlett, 1997, 3, 271.

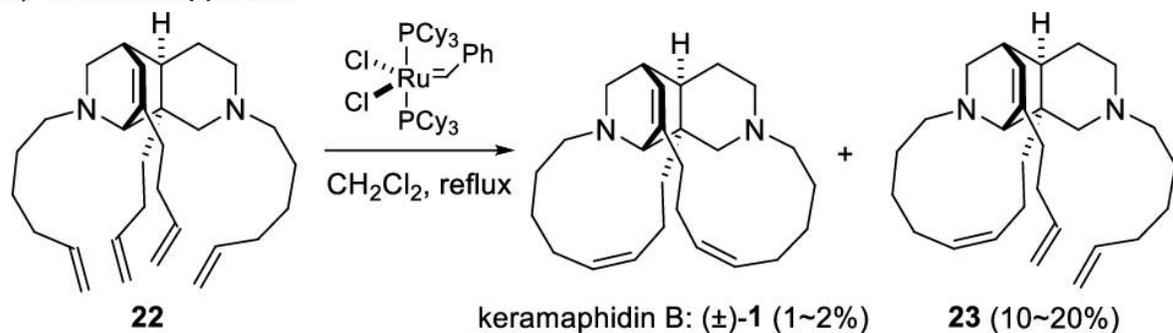


Scheme 2

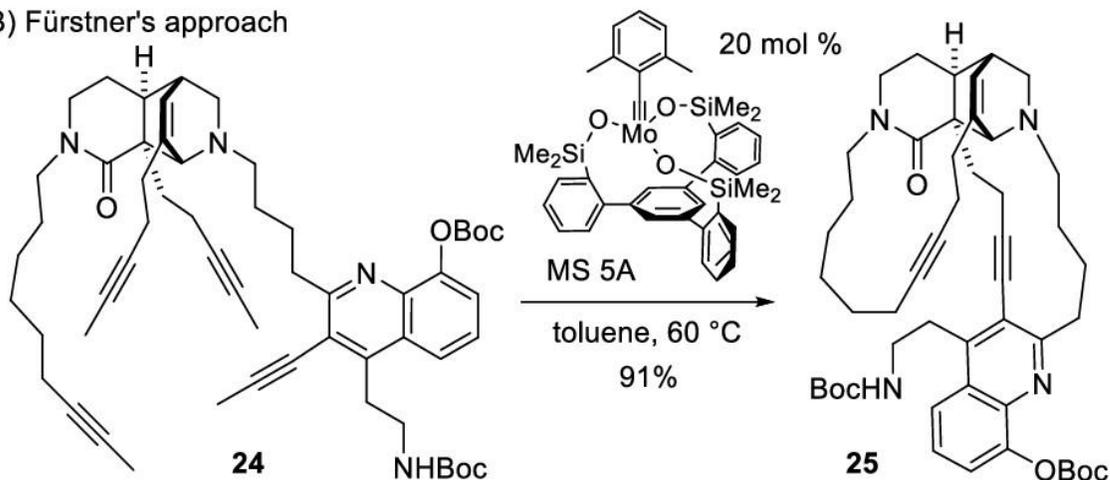
Tetrahedron, 1999, 55, 2183.



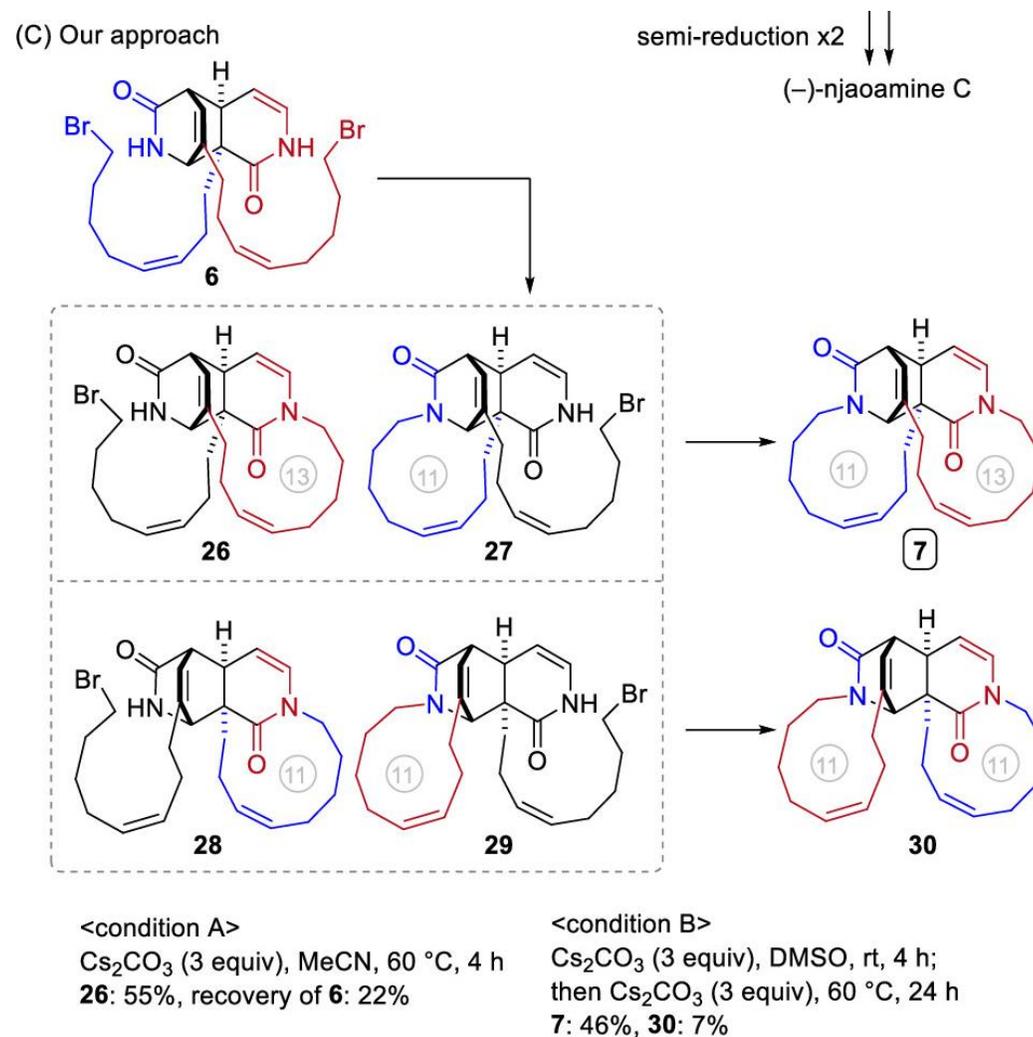
(A) Baldwin's approach



(B) Fürstner's approach



(C) Our approach



Scheme 5. Double Macrocyclic Formation by (A) Ring-Closing Alkene Metathesis, (B) Ring-Closing Alkyne Metathesis, (C) Alkylation